

 免費電子書

學習

excel-vba

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1: excel-vba

Microsoft Excel VBA。

1. Excel。 Excel VBA。
2. 。
3. Excel Microsoft Word PowerPoint Internet Explorer。

VBA Visual Basic for Applications。 Visual Basic 2090 Microsoft Excel。

Excel VBA VBAMicrosoft Excel。 VBA。

- ✓
WorksheetFunction
✓ *xlDirection*
- ✗ 'for each'
✗ *MsgBox*
✗ *VBAWinAPI*

VB

VB6	1998-10-01
VB7	200166
WIN32	1998-10-01
WIN64	200166
	1998-10-01

16	201611
15	2013-01-01
14	2010-01-01
12	2007-01-01
11	2003-01-01

10	2001-01-01
9	1999-01-01
8	1997-01-01
7	1995-01-01
	1993-01-01
2	198711

Examples

VBA Dim ◦ Variant ◦

Option Explicit [“Option Explicit”](#) ◦

Option Explicit // ◦

```
Option Explicit

Sub Example()
    Dim a As Integer
    a = 2
    Debug.Print a
    'Outputs: 2

    Dim b As Long
    b = a + 2
    Debug.Print b
    'Outputs: 4

    Dim c As String
    c = "Hello, world!"
    Debug.Print c
    'Outputs: Hello, world!
End Sub
```

Variant ◦

```
Dim Str As String, IntOne, IntTwo As Integer, Lng As Long
Debug.Print TypeName(Str)      'Output: String
Debug.Print TypeName(IntOne)   'Output: Variant <--- !!!
Debug.Print TypeName(IntTwo)   'Output: Integer
Debug.Print TypeName(Lng)      'Output: Long
```

\$@ ◦

```
Dim this$ 'String
Dim this% 'Integer
Dim this& 'Long
```

```
Dim this! 'Single
Dim this# 'Double
Dim this@ 'Currency
```

- Static Static CounterVariable as Integer

StaticDim◦

- Public Public CounterVariable as Integer
 - ◦
- Private Private CounterVariable as Integer
 -

[MSDN-](#)

[Visual Basic](#)

Visual BasicVBE

1

File Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View Developer Tell me what you want to do

Cut Copy Paste Format Painter Clipboard

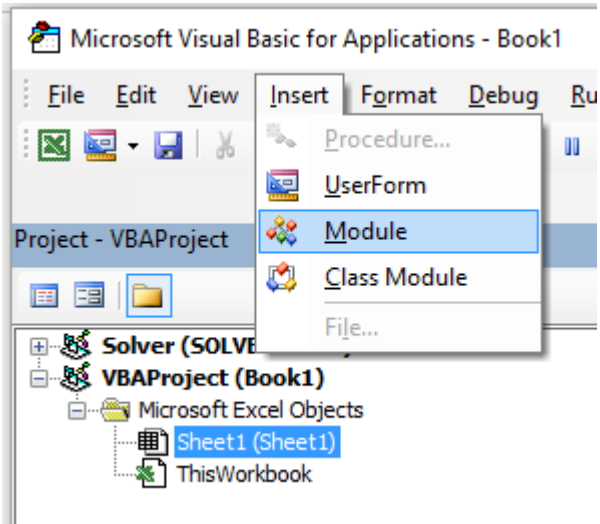
Century gothic 10 A A B I U Font

Wrap Text Merge & Center Alignment

General Number

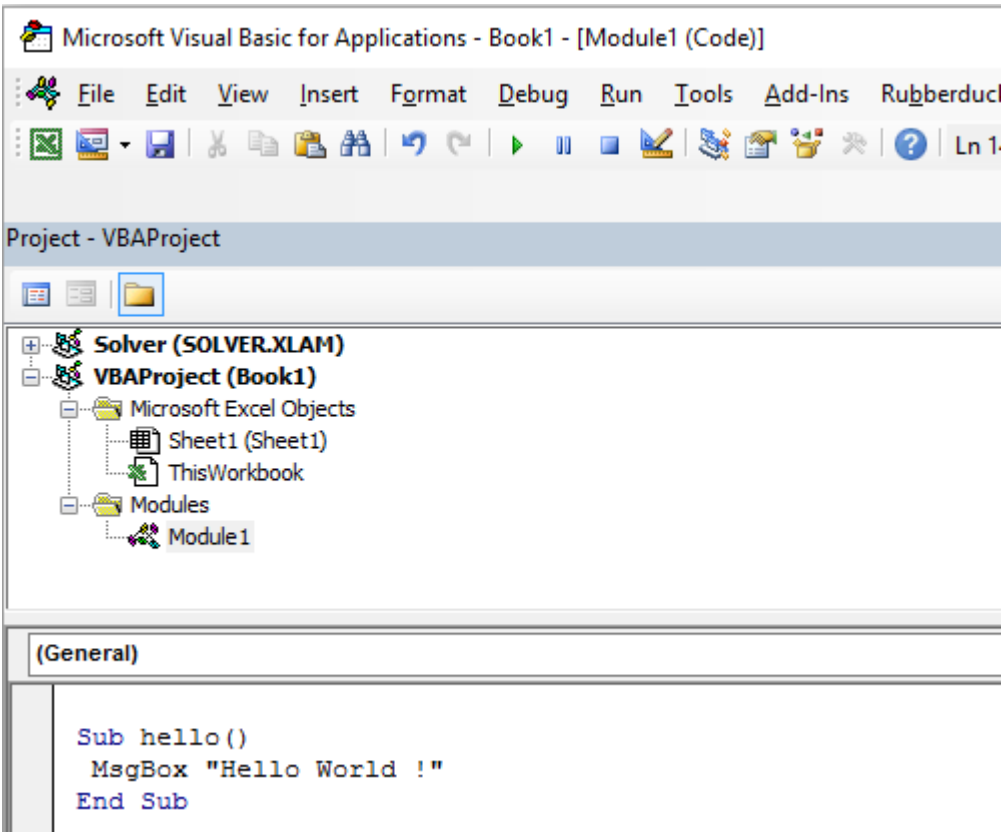
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											
9											
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11											
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37											
38											
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45											

2. ->

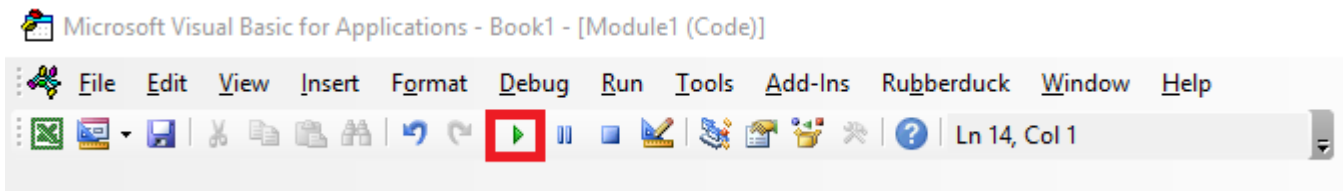


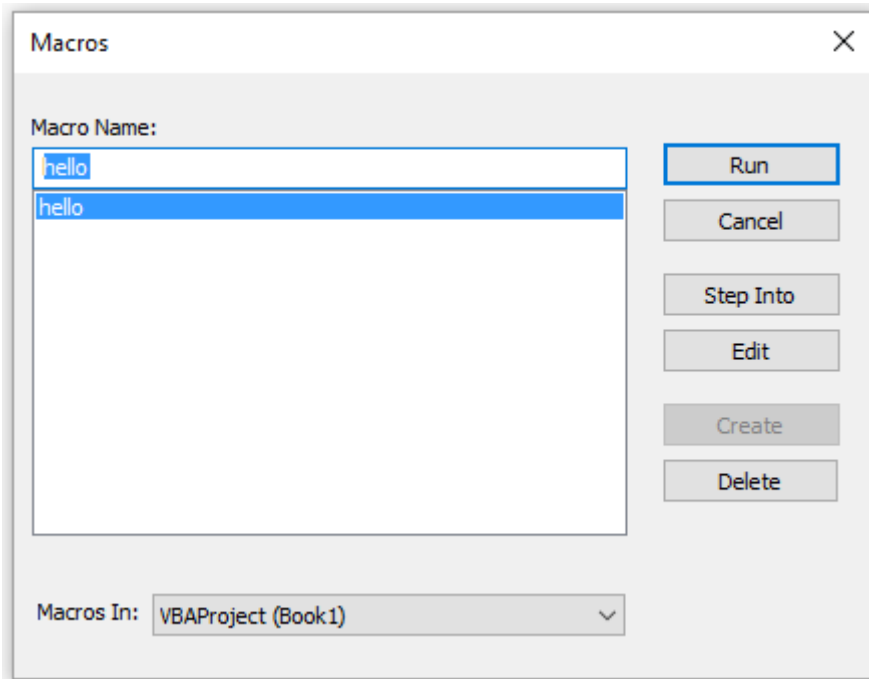
3.

```
Sub hello()  
    MsgBox "Hello World !"  
End Sub
```



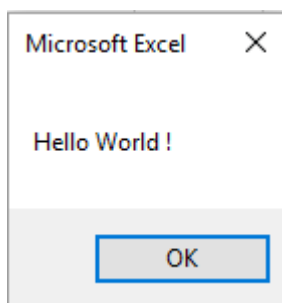
4. Visual Basic“F5





5. "hello" _{Run}

6.

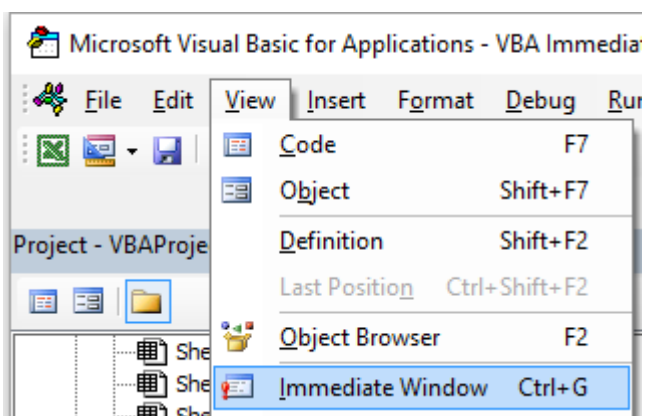


Excel

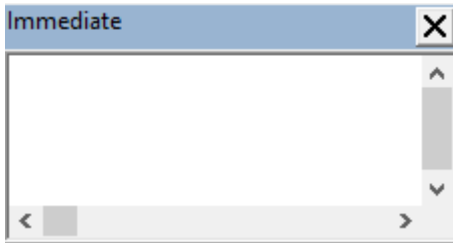
Excel.

1. Visual BasicVBE

2. ->ctrl + G



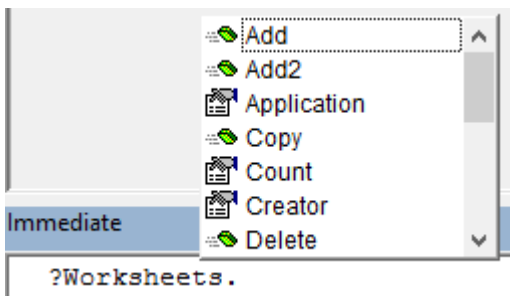
3. VBE



VBA.

```
?Worksheets.
```

VBE



.Count.Count

```
?Worksheets.Count
```

4. Enter. 1.Worksheet. ? Debug.Print.

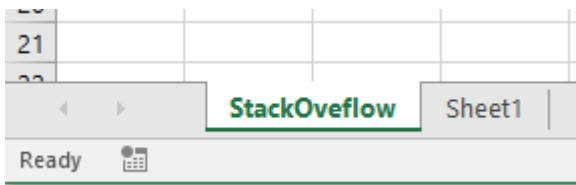
Count. Excel Workbook Worksheet Range Chart .. [Excel VBAObject](#).

Excel VBAExcel.

5. ?

```
Worksheets.Add().Name = "StackOveflow"
```

6. Enter. StackOverflow.StackOverflow.



Excel“”.

Add: Creates a new worksheet, chart, or macro sheet.
The new worksheet becomes the active sheet.

Return Value: An Object value that represents the new worksheet, chart, or macro sheet.

Worksheets.Add() ◦ **S** Name ◦

Worksheet.Name Property: Returns or sets a String value that represents the object name.

Worksheets.Add().Name = "StackOveflow" ◦

Add() Name "StackOverflow"

Excel ◦ Excel ◦ WorkSheetsWorksheet ◦ Object ◦

ExcelExcel

ApplicationExcel ◦ VBAMethodSet / Get a property ◦

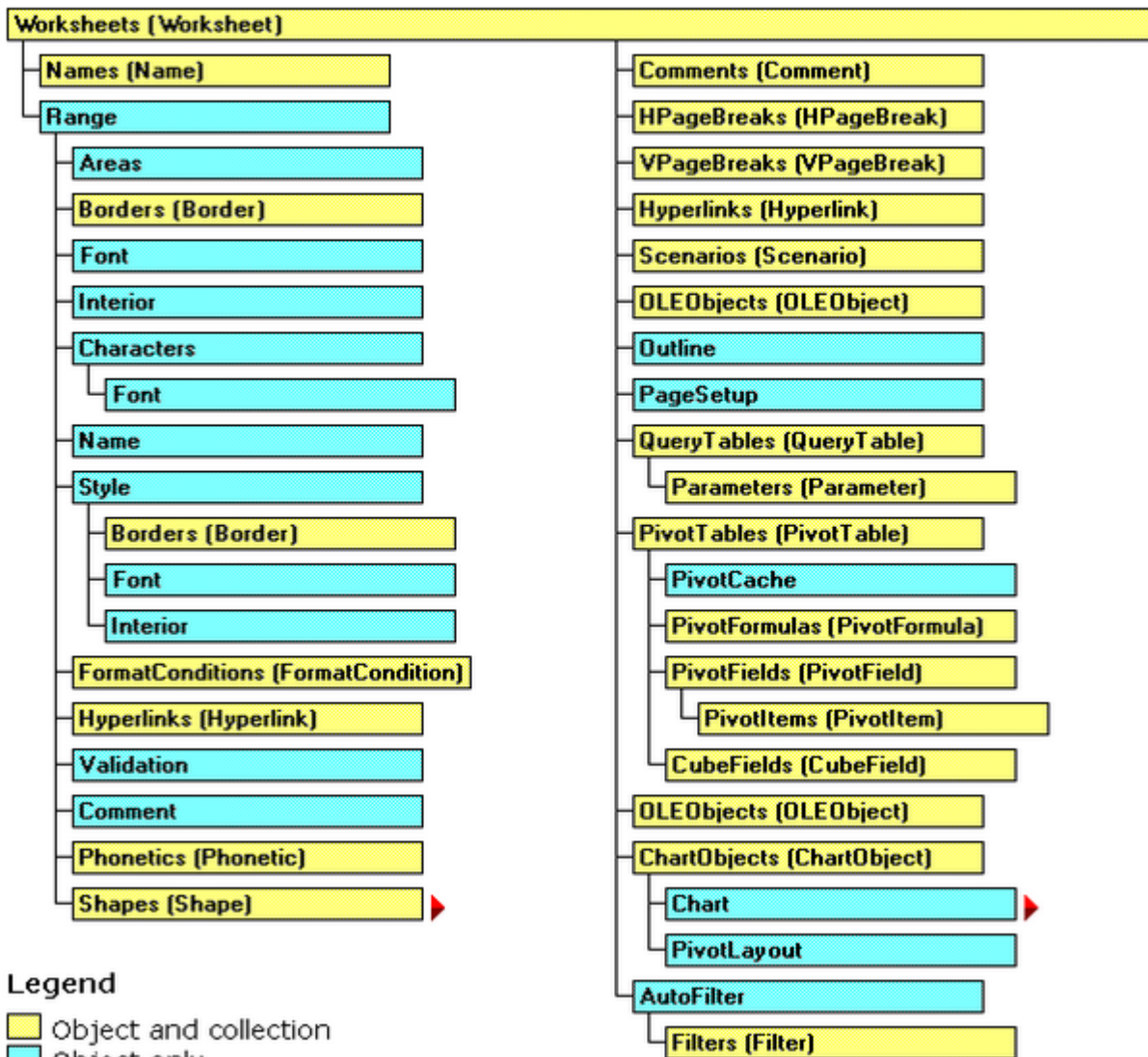
Excel

Application
Workbooks
Workbook
Worksheets
Worksheet
Range

WorksheetExcel 2007

Microsoft Excel Objects (Worksheet)

See Also



Excel.

events Workbook.WindowActivate Excel.

excel-vba <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/777/excel-vba>

2: CustomDocumentProperties

CustomDocumentPropertiesCDP*。

CDPBuiltInDocumentProperties。

***。

Examples

◦ CustomDocumentPropertiesCDP。

“xlVeryHidden” inicsv。

- NextInvoiceNo
- DeleteInvoiceNoCDP
- showAllCDPsCDP。 VBA[[DropDown]]]

◦ “InvoiceNo”CDP。

```
Dim sNumber As String
sNumber = NextInvoiceNo ()
```

```
Option Explicit
```

```
Sub Test()
    Dim sNumber As String
    sNumber = NextInvoiceNo()
    MsgBox "New Invoice No: " & sNumber, vbInformation, "New Invoice Number"
End Sub
```

```
Function NextInvoiceNo() As String
' Purpose: a) Set Custom Document Property (CDP) "InvoiceNo" if not yet existing
'          b) Increment CDP value and return new value as string
' Declarations
Dim prop As Object
Dim ret As String
Dim wb As Workbook
' Set workbook and CDPs
Set wb = ThisWorkbook
Set prop = wb.CustomDocumentProperties

' -----
' Generate new CDP "InvoiceNo" if not yet existing
' -----
If Not CDPExists("InvoiceNo") Then
    ' set temporary starting value "0"
    prop.Add "InvoiceNo", False, msoPropertyTypeString, "0"
End If

' -----
' Increment invoice no and return function value as string
```

```

' -----
    ret = Format(Val(prop("InvoiceNo")) + 1, "0")
' a) Set CDP "InvoiceNo" = ret
    prop("InvoiceNo").value = ret
' b) Return function value
    NextInvoiceNo = ret
End Function

Private Function CDPExists(sCDPName As String) As Boolean
' Purpose: return True if custom document property (CDP) exists
' Method: loop thru CustomDocumentProperties collection and check if name parameter exists
' Site: cf. http://stackoverflow.com/questions/23917977/alternatives-to-public-variables-in-vba/23918236#23918236
' vgl.: https://answers.microsoft.com/en-us/msoffice/forum/msoffice\_word-mso\_other/using-customdocumentproperties-with-vba/91ef15eb-b089-4c9b-a8a7-1685d073fb9f
' Declarations
Dim cdp As Variant      ' element of CustomDocumentProperties Collection
Dim boo As Boolean      ' boolean value showing element exists
For Each cdp In ThisWorkbook.CustomDocumentProperties
    If LCase(cdp.Name) = LCase(sCDPName) Then
        boo = True      ' heureka
        Exit For        ' exit loop
    End If
Next
CDPExists = boo        ' return value to function
End Function

Sub DeleteInvoiceNo()
' Declarations
Dim wb      As Workbook
Dim prop    As Object
' Set workbook and CDPs
Set wb = ThisWorkbook
Set prop = wb.CustomDocumentProperties

' -----
' Delete CDP "InvoiceNo"
' -----
If CDPExists("InvoiceNo") Then
    prop("InvoiceNo").Delete
End If

```

```

Sub showAllCDPs()
' Purpose: Show all CustomDocumentProperties (CDP) and values (if set)
' Declarations
Dim wb      As Workbook
Dim cdp     As Object

Dim i       As Integer
Dim maxi    As Integer
Dim s       As String
' Set workbook and CDPs
Set wb = ThisWorkbook
Set cdp = wb.CustomDocumentProperties
' Loop thru CDP getting name and value
maxi = cdp.Count
For i = 1 To maxi
    On Error Resume Next      ' necessary in case of unset value
    s = s & Chr(i + 96) & ") " & _

```

```
        cdp(i).Name & "=" & cdp(i).value & vbCrLf
    Next i
' Show result string
    Debug.Print s
End Sub
```

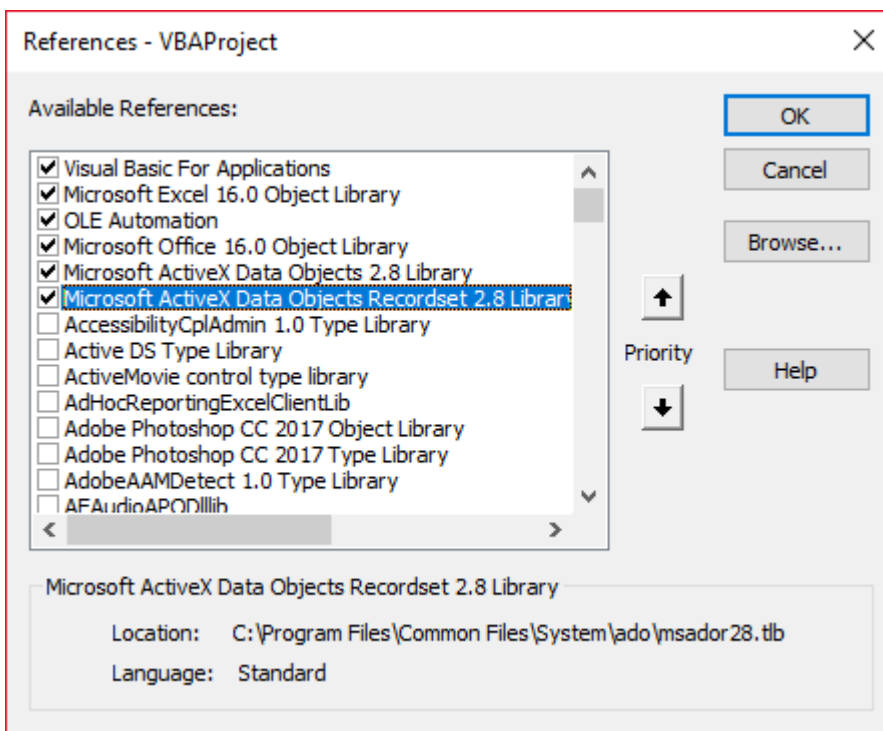
[CustomDocumentProperties](https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/10932/customdocumentproperties) <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/10932/customdocumentproperties>

3: Excel VBASQL -

Examples

VBAADODB.Connection

- Microsoft ActiveX2.8
- Microsoft ActiveXRecordset 2.8



```
Private mDataBase As New ADODB.Connection
Private mRS As New ADODB.Recordset
Private mCmd As New ADODB.Command
```

Windows

```
Private Sub OpenConnection(pServer As String, pCatalog As String)
    Call mDataBase.Open("Provider=SQLOLEDB;Initial Catalog=" & pCatalog & ";Data Source=" &
    pServer & ";Integrated Security=SSPI")
    mCmd.ActiveConnection = mDataBase
End Sub
```

SQL Server

```
Private Sub OpenConnection2(pServer As String, pCatalog As String, pUser As String, pPsw As String)
    Call mDataBase.Open("Provider=SQLOLEDB;Initial Catalog=" & pCatalog & ";Data Source=" & pServer & ";Integrated Security=SSPI;User ID=" & pUser & ";Password=" & pPsw)
    mCmd.ActiveConnection = mDataBase
End Sub
```

sql

```
Private Sub ExecuteCmd(sql As String)
    mCmd.CommandText = sql
    Set mRS = mCmd.Execute
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub ReadRS()
    Do While Not (mRS.EOF)
        Debug.Print "ShipperID: " & mRS.Fields("ShipperID").Value & " CompanyName: " & mRS.Fields("CompanyName").Value & " Phone: " & mRS.Fields("Phone").Value
        Call mRS.MoveNext
    Loop
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub CloseConnection()
    Call mDataBase.Close
    Set mRS = Nothing
    Set mCmd = Nothing
    Set mDataBase = Nothing
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub Program()
    Call OpenConnection("ServerName", "NORTHWND")
    Call ExecuteCmd("INSERT INTO [NORTHWND].[dbo].[Shippers] ([CompanyName],[Phone]) Values ('speedy shipping','(503) 555-1234')")
    Call ExecuteCmd("SELECT * FROM [NORTHWND].[dbo].[Shippers]")
    Call ReadRS
    Call CloseConnection
End Sub
```

ShipperID1Speedy Express503555-9831

ShipperID2United Package Phone503555-3199

ShipperID3Federal Shipping503555-9931

ShipperID4503555-1234

4: Excel VBA

SO. "Excel.

Examples

xlVeryHidden

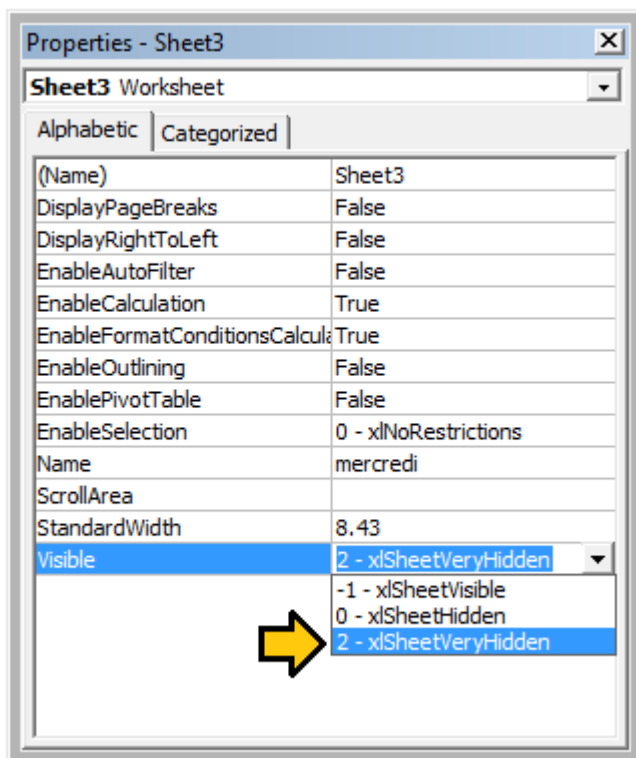
excelVisible° xlSheetVisibility

1. xlVisiblexlSheetVisible -1
2. xlHiddenxlSheetHidden 0
3. xlVeryHidden xlSheetVeryHidden 2

° ° ° "Excel

Visual Basic° excel° VBA°

.VisiblexlSheetVeryHiddenVBE"" F4 13°



.VisiblexlSheetVeryHidden¹.Visible°

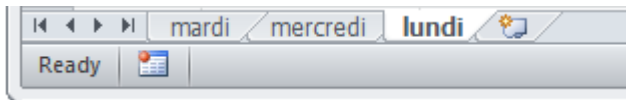
```
with Sheet3
    .Visible = xlSheetVeryHidden
end with
```

¹ xlVeryHiddenxlSheetVeryHidden2.

.Name.Index.CodeName

“” .Name.Index.CodeName.

◦ VBA. ◦ ◦



◦

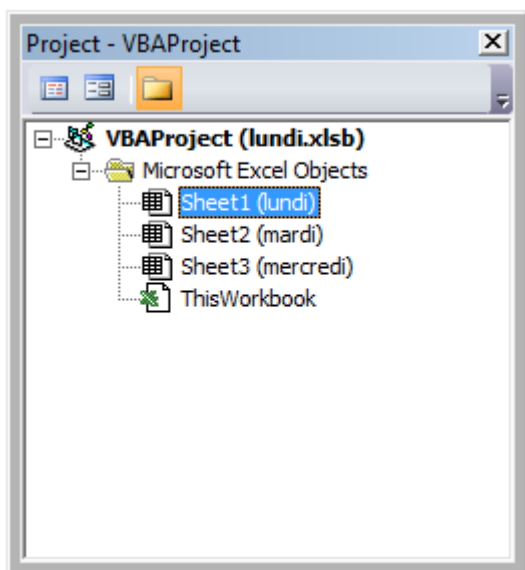
```
'reference worksheet by .Name
with worksheets("Monday")
    'operation code here; for example:
    .Range(.Cells(2, "A"), .Cells(.Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp)) = 1
end with

'reference worksheet by ordinal .Index
with worksheets(1)
    'operation code here; for example:
    .Range(.Cells(2, "A"), .Cells(.Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp)) = 1
end with
```

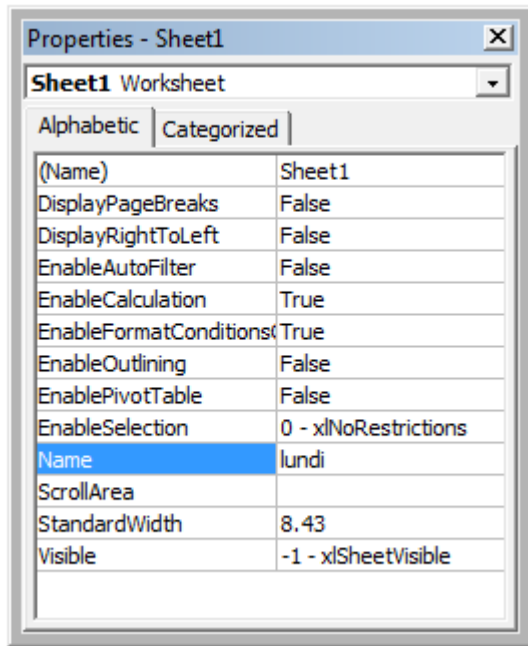
◦ .CodeName

```
with Sheet1
    'operation code here; for example:
    .Range(.Cells(2, "A"), .Cells(.Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp)) = 1
end with
```

VBA[Ctrl] + R.CodeName.Name. ;.Index.



.CodeName. VBE[F4].



.CodeName .Name .

VBA Split() VBA ReDim Preserve ListBox

```
Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()

Dim Count As Long, DataString As String, Delimiter As String

For Count = 1 To ActiveSheet.UsedRows.Count
    If ActiveSheet.Range("A" & Count).Value <> "Your Condition" Then
        RowString = RowString & Delimiter & ActiveSheet.Range("A" & Count).Value
        Delimiter = "><" 'By setting the delimiter here in the loop, you prevent an extra
occurrence of the delimiter within the string
    End If
Next Count

ListBox1.List = Split(DataString, Delimiter)

End Sub
```

Delimiter . -/

. VBA

Excel

Excel "OnAction" . VBA OnAction

```
Public Const DOUBLECLICK_WAIT As Double = 0.25 'Modify to adjust click delay
Public LastClickObj As String, LastClickTime As Date

Sub ShapeDoubleClick()

    If LastClickObj = "" Then
        LastClickObj = Application.Caller
```

```

        LastClickTime = CDb1(Timer)
    Else
        If CDb1(Timer) - LastClickTime > DOUBLECLICK_WAIT Then
            LastClickObj = Application.Caller
            LastClickTime = CDb1(Timer)
        Else
            If LastClickObj = Application.Caller Then
                'Your desired Double Click code here
                LastClickObj = ""
            Else
                LastClickObj = Application.Caller
                LastClickTime = CDb1(Timer)
            End If
        End If
    End If
End Sub

```

o

-

debug.print

```

Option Explicit

Sub OpenMultipleFiles()
    Dim fd As FileDialog
    Dim fileChosen As Integer
    Dim i As Integer
    Dim basename As String
    Dim fso As Variant
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
    Set fd = Application.FileDialog(msoFileDialogFilePicker)
    basename = fso.getBaseName(ActiveWorkbook.Name)
    fd.InitialFileName = ActiveWorkbook.Path ' Set Default Location to the Active Workbook
    Path
    fd.InitialView = msoFileDialogViewList
    fd.AllowMultiSelect = True

    fileChosen = fd.Show
    If fileChosen = -1 Then
        'open each of the files chosen
        For i = 1 To fd.SelectedItems.Count
            Debug.Print (fd.SelectedItems(i))
            Dim fileName As String
            ' do something with the files.
            fileName = fso.GetFileName(fd.SelectedItems(i))
            Debug.Print (fileName)
        Next i
    End If
End Sub

```

Excel VBA <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/2240/excel-vba>

5: Excel-VBA

Excel-VBA。。

*16-32,76832,767。 10。

Examples

。 。 Sub 。

```
Sub OptimizeVBA(isOn As Boolean)
    Application.Calculation = IIf(isOn, xlCalculationManual, xlCalculationAutomatic)
    Application.EnableEvents = Not(isOn)
    Application.ScreenUpdating = Not(isOn)
    ActiveSheet.DisplayPageBreaks = Not(isOn)
End Sub
```

```
Sub MyCode()

    OptimizeVBA True

    'Your code goes here

    OptimizeVBA False

End Sub
```

。

```
time1 = Timer

For Each iCell In MyRange
    iCell = "text"
Next iCell

time2 = Timer

For i = 1 To 30
    MyRange.Cells(i) = "text"
Next i

time3 = Timer

debug.print "Proc1 time: " & cStr(time2-time1)
debug.print "Proc2 time: " & cStr(time3-time2)
```

MicroTimer

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function getFrequency Lib "Kernel32" Alias "QueryPerformanceFrequency"
(cyFrequency As Currency) As Long
Private Declare PtrSafe Function getTickCount Lib "Kernel32" Alias "QueryPerformanceCounter"
```

```
(cyTickCount As Currency) As Long

Function MicroTimer() As Double
    Dim cyTicks1 As Currency
    Static cyFrequency As Currency

    MicroTimer = 0
    If cyFrequency = 0 Then getFrequency cyFrequency           'Get frequency
    getTickCount cyTicks1                                     'Get ticks
    If cyFrequency Then MicroTimer = cyTicks1 / cyFrequency 'Returns Seconds
End Function
```

With

◦ ;

```
With ActiveChart
    .Parent.Width = 400
    .Parent.Height = 145
    .Parent.Top = 77.5 + 165 * step - replacer * 15
    .Parent.Left = 5
End With
```

```
ActiveChart.Parent.Width = 400
ActiveChart.Parent.Height = 145
ActiveChart.Parent.Top = 77.5 + 165 * step - replacer * 15
ActiveChart.Parent.Left = 5
```

- With◦ With
- **With** ◦ WithWithEnd With
-
- WithWith◦ WithWithWithWith◦

With◦

◦

```
With MyObject
    .Height = 100           'Same as MyObject.Height = 100.
    .Caption = "Hello World" 'Same as MyObject.Caption = "Hello World".
    With .Font
        .Color = Red       'Same as MyObject.Font.Color = Red.
        .Bold = True       'Same as MyObject.Font.Bold = True.
        MyObject.Height = 200 'Inner-most With refers to MyObject.Font (must be qualified)
    End With
End With
```

MSDN

-

-
- **AutoFilter**
-
-
-

Option Explicit

'Deleted rows: 775,153, Total Rows: 1,000,009, Duration: 1.87 sec

Public Sub DeleteRows()

Dim oldWs As Worksheet, newWs As Worksheet, wsName As String, ur As Range

Set oldWs = ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet

wsName = oldWs.Name

Set ur = oldWs.Range("F2", oldWs.Cells(oldWs.Rows.Count, "F").End(xlUp))

Application.ScreenUpdating = False

Set newWs = Sheets.Add(After:=oldWs) 'Create a new WorkSheet

With ur 'Copy visible range after Autofilter (modify Criterial and 2 accordingly)

.AutoFilter Field:=1, Criterial:="<>0", Operator:=xlAnd, Criteria2:="<>"

oldWs.UsedRange.Copy

End With

'Paste all visible data into the new WorkSheet (values and formats)

With newWs.Range(oldWs.UsedRange.Cells(1).Address)

.PasteSpecial xlPasteColumnWidths

.PasteSpecial xlPasteAll

newWs.Cells(1, 1).Select: newWs.Cells(1, 1).Copy

End With

With Application

.CutCopyMode = False

.DisplayAlerts = False

oldWs.Delete

.DisplayAlerts = True

.ScreenUpdating = True

End With

newWs.Name = wsName

End Sub

Excel

WorkBookWorkSheetExcel

- **FastWBOff**
- **FastWSOptional WorkSheet**
- **wsWorksheets**
 -
 -


```

Public Sub FastWB(Optional ByVal opt As Boolean = True)
    With Application
        .Calculation = IIf(opt, xlCalculationManual, xlCalculationAutomatic)
        If .DisplayAlerts <> Not opt Then .DisplayAlerts = Not opt
        If .DisplayStatusBar <> Not opt Then .DisplayStatusBar = Not opt
        If .EnableAnimations <> Not opt Then .EnableAnimations = Not opt
        If .EnableEvents <> Not opt Then .EnableEvents = Not opt
        If .ScreenUpdating <> Not opt Then .ScreenUpdating = Not opt
    End With
    FastWS , opt
End Sub

```

```

Public Sub FastWS(Optional ByVal ws As Worksheet, Optional ByVal opt As Boolean = True)
    If ws Is Nothing Then
        For Each ws In Application.ThisWorkbook.Sheets
            OptimiseWS ws, opt
        Next
    Else
        OptimiseWS ws, opt
    End If
End Sub
Private Sub OptimiseWS(ByVal ws As Worksheet, ByVal opt As Boolean)
    With ws
        .DisplayPageBreaks = False
        .EnableCalculation = Not opt
        .EnableFormatConditionsCalculation = Not opt
        .EnablePivotTable = Not opt
    End With
End Sub

```

Excel

```

Public Sub XlResetSettings() 'default Excel settings
    With Application
        .Calculation = xlCalculationAutomatic
        .DisplayAlerts = True
        .DisplayStatusBar = True
        .EnableAnimations = False
        .EnableEvents = True
        .ScreenUpdating = True
    End With
    Dim sh As Worksheet
    For Each sh In Application.ThisWorkbook.Sheets
        With sh
            .DisplayPageBreaks = False
            .EnableCalculation = True
            .EnableFormatConditionsCalculation = True
            .EnablePivotTable = True
        End With
    Next
End Sub

```

... “Er!”

◦ ◦ ◦

Err.NumberErr.Description。 ERL* BTW。

ErlO。

```
Option Explicit
```

```
Public Sub MyProc1()
```

```
Dim i As Integer
```

```
Dim j As Integer
```

```
On Error GoTo LogErr
```

```
10    j = 1 / 0    ' raises an error
```

```
okay:
```

```
Debug.Print "i=" & i
```

```
Exit Sub
```

```
LogErr:
```

```
MsgBox LogErrors("MyModule", "MyProc1", Err), vbExclamation, "Error " & Err.Number
```

```
Stop
```

```
Resume Next
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Public Function LogErrors( _
```

```
    ByVal sModule As String, _
```

```
    ByVal sProc As String, _
```

```
    Err As ErrObject) As String
```

```
' Purpose: write error number, description and Erl to log file and return error text
```

```
Dim sLogFile As String: sLogFile = ThisWorkbook.Path & Application.PathSeparator &  
"LogErrors.txt"
```

```
Dim sLogTxt As String
```

```
Dim lFile As Long
```

```
' Create error text
```

```
sLogTxt = sModule & "|" & sProc & "|Erl " & Erl & "|Err " & Err.Number & "|" &  
Err.Description
```

```
On Error Resume Next
```

```
lFile = FreeFile
```

```
Open sLogFile For Append As lFile
```

```
Print #lFile, Format$(Now(), "yy.mm.dd hh:mm:ss "); sLogTxt
```

```
Print #lFile,
```

```
Close lFile
```

```
' Return error text
```

```
LogErrors = sLogTxt
```

```
End Function
```

```
Sub ShowLogFile()
```

```
Dim sLogFile As String: sLogFile = ThisWorkbook.Path & Application.PathSeparator &  
"LogErrors.txt"
```

```
On Error GoTo LogErr
```

```
Shell "notepad.exe " & sLogFile, vbNormalFocus
```

```
okay:
```

```
On Error Resume Next
```

```
Exit Sub
```

```
LogErr:  
MsgBox LogErrors("MyModule", "ShowLogFile", Err), vbExclamation, "Error No " & Err.Number  
Resume okay  
End Sub
```

Excel-VBA <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/9798/excel-vba>

6: VBA

Examples

VBA

VBA。 VBA。

1. Visual BasicAlt + F11
2. - > VBAProject...
3. ""
4. ""
5. """"

Office。 VBA。

VBA <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/7642/vba>

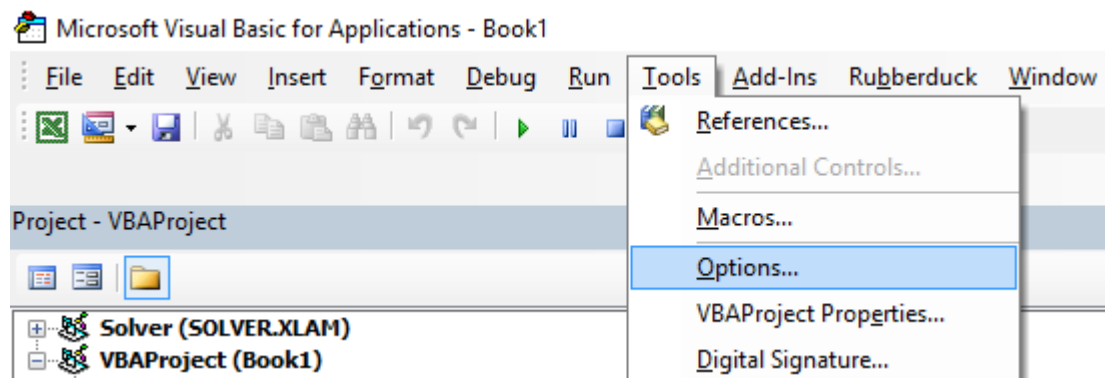
7: VBA

VBA

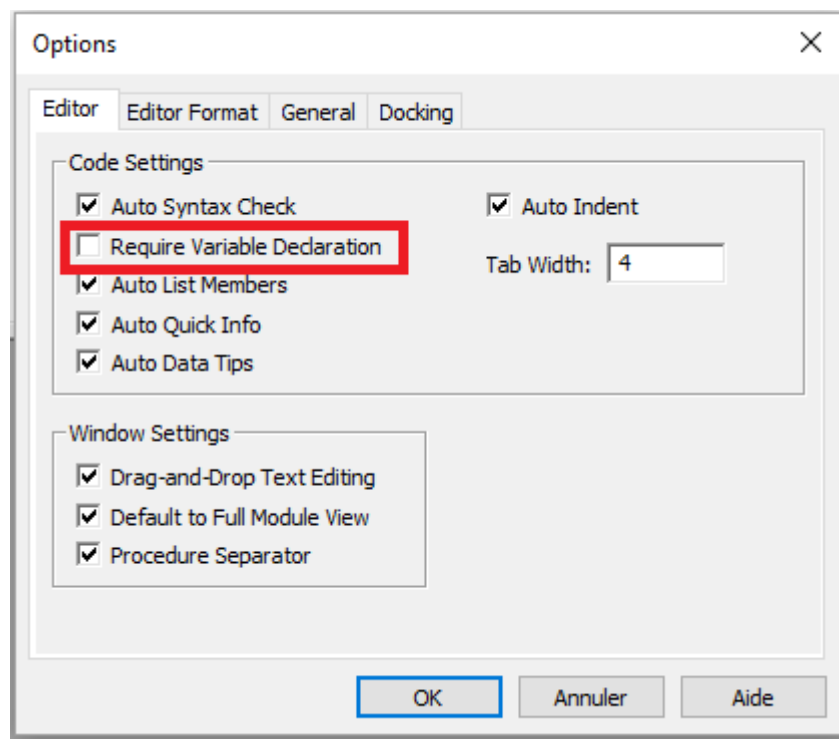
Examples

“Option Explicit”

VBA



“”

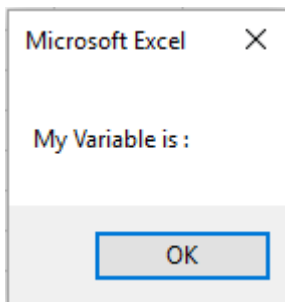


Option Explicit VBA

- “”Sheet1Option Explicit

Option Explicit Dim ◦ Option Explicit VBA Variant ◦ Option Explicit ◦

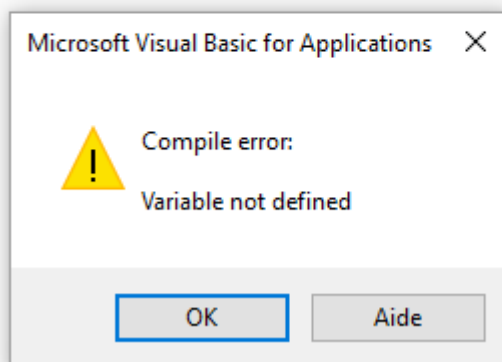
```
Sub Test()  
    my_variable = 12  
    MsgBox "My Variable is : " & myvariable  
End Sub
```



myvariablemy_variable ◦ Option Explicit ◦

Option Explicit

```
Sub Test()  
    my_variable = 12  
    MsgBox "My Variable is : " & myvariable  
End Sub
```

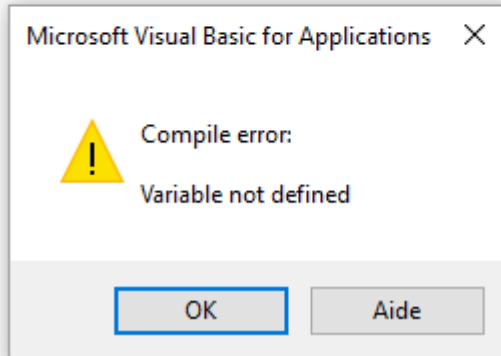


```
Sub Test()  
    Dim my_variable As Integer  
    my_variable = 12  
    MsgBox "My Variable is : " & myvariable  
End Sub
```

myvariable

Option Explicit

```
Sub Test()  
  Dim my_variable As Integer  
  my_variable = 12  
  MsgBox "My Variable is : " & myvariable  
End Sub
```



Option ExplicitArrays

ReDim.

- ReDim
- Option Explicit

```
Dim arr() as Long
```

```
ReDim ar() 'creates new array "ar" - "ReDim ar()" acts like "Dim ar()"
```

Office - Excel VBA

Range ◦ RangeRange ◦ Range20/◦

```
Option Explicit  
Sub WorkWithArrayExample()  
  
  Dim DataRange As Variant  
  Dim Irow As Long  
  Dim Icol As Integer  
  DataRange = ActiveSheet.Range("A1:A10").Value ' read all the values at once from the Excel  
  grid, put into an array  
  
  For Irow = LBound(DataRange,1) To UBound(DataRange, 1) ' Get the number of rows.  
    For Icol = LBound(DataRange,2) To UBound(DataRange, 2) ' Get the number of columns.  
      DataRange(Irow, Icol) = DataRange(Irow, Icol) * DataRange(Irow, Icol) ' cell.value^2  
    Next Icol  
  Next Irow  
  ActiveSheet.Range("A1:A10").Value = DataRange ' writes all the results back to the range at  
  once  
  
End Sub
```

Charles WilliamsVBA UDF1 ◦

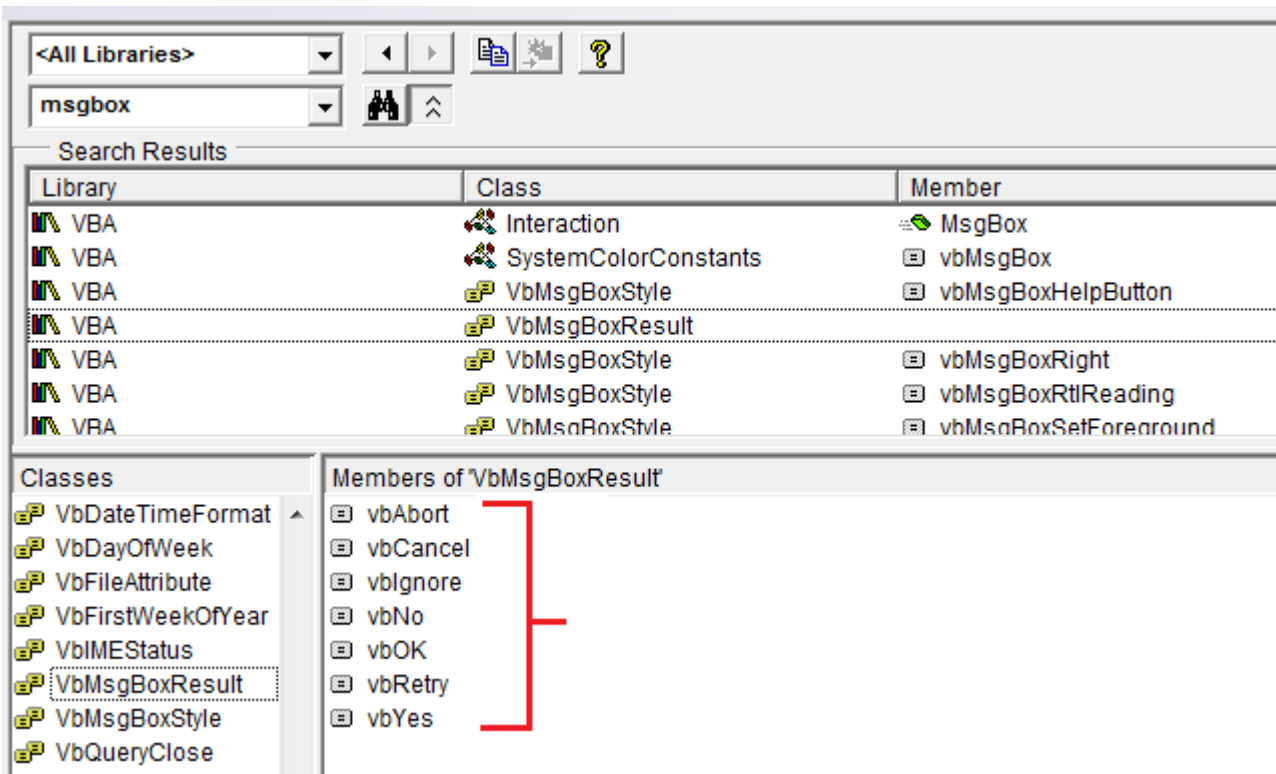
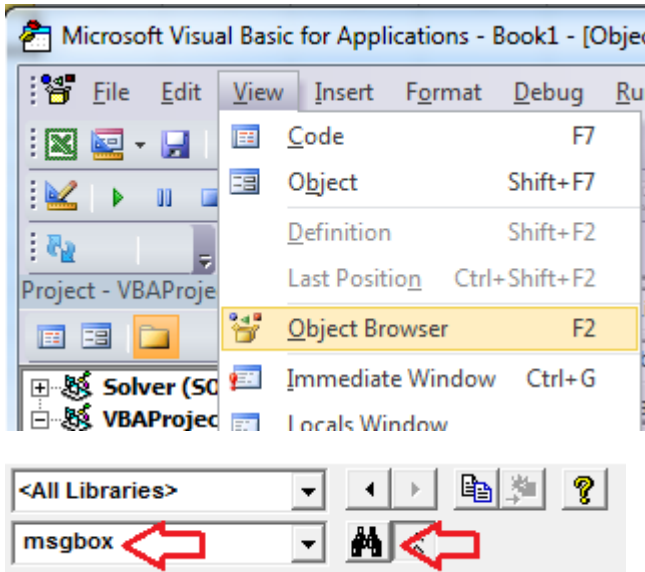
VB

```
If MsgBox("Click OK") = vbOK Then
```

```
If MsgBox("Click OK") = 1 Then
```

o

VB。 VB→F2 o



```
Dim ductWidth As Double  
Dim ductHeight As Double
```



```
Dim ductArea As Double  
ductArea = ductWidth * ductHeight
```

...

```
Dim a, w, h  
a = w * h
```

o

```
Dim myWB As Workbook  
Dim srcWS As Worksheet  
Dim destWS As Worksheet  
Dim srcData As Range  
Dim destData As Range  
  
Set myWB = ActiveWorkbook  
Set srcWS = myWB.Sheets("Sheet1")  
Set destWS = myWB.Sheets("Sheet2")  
Set srcData = srcWS.Range("A1:A10")  
Set destData = destWS.Range("B11:B20")  
destData = srcData
```

```
Dim ductWidth As Double, ductHeight As Double, ductArea As Double
```

Variant

```
Dim ductWidth, ductHeight, ductArea As Double
```

VBA^o

VBA^o

```
On Error GoTo 0 'Avoid using
```

```
On Error Resume Next 'Avoid using
```

```
On Error GoTo <line> 'Prefer using
```

On Error GoTo 0

```
On Error GoTo 0o VBAdebugo o
```

On Error Resume Next

On Error Resume Next VBA ◦ Excel On Error Resume Next

```
'In this example, we open an instance of Powerpoint using the On Error Resume Next call
Dim PPApp As PowerPoint.Application
Dim PPPres As PowerPoint.Presentation
Dim PPSlide As PowerPoint.Slide

'Open PPT if not running, otherwise select active instance
On Error Resume Next
Set PPApp = GetObject(, "PowerPoint.Application")
On Error GoTo ErrHandler
If PPApp Is Nothing Then
    'Open PowerPoint
    Set PPApp = CreateObject("PowerPoint.Application")
    PPApp.Visible = True
End If
```

On Error Resume Next PowerPoint.GetObject ◦ On Error Resume Next ◦

On Error Resume Next

On Error GoTo <line>

◦ VBA ◦ On Error GoTo <line> ◦ On Error GoTo <line> ◦

Exit Sub ◦ ◦

```
Sub YourMethodName()
    On Error GoTo errorHandler
    ' Insert code here
    On Error GoTo secondErrorHandler

    Exit Sub 'The exit sub line is essential, as the code will otherwise
            'continue running into the error handling block, likely causing an error

errorHandler:
    MsgBox "Error " & Err.Number & ": " & Err.Description & " in " & _
        VBE.ActiveCodePane.CodeModule, vbOKOnly, "Error"
    Exit Sub

secondErrorHandler:
    If Err.Number = 424 Then 'Object not found error (purely for illustration)
        Application.ScreenUpdating = True
        Application.EnableEvents = True
        Exit Sub
    Else
        MsgBox "Error " & Err.Number & ": " & Err.Desctription
        Application.ScreenUpdating = True
        Application.EnableEvents = True
        Exit Sub
    End If
End Sub
```

```

    End If
    Exit Sub
End Sub

```

-
-
-
-
-
-
- End Sub **unload**
-

◦ ◦

```

Function Bonus(EmployeeTitle as String) as Double
    If EmployeeTitle = "Sales" Then
        Bonus = 0      'Sales representatives receive commission instead of a bonus
    Else
        Bonus = .10
    End If
End Function

```

◦

```

Sub CopySalesNumbers
    Dim IncludeWeekends as Boolean

    'Boolean values can be evaluated as an integer, -1 for True, 0 for False.
    'This is used here to adjust the range from 5 to 7 rows if including weekends.
    Range("A1:A" & 5 - (IncludeWeekends * 2)).Copy
    Range("B1").PasteSpecial
End Sub

```

```

Sub CopySalesNumbers
    Dim IncludeWeekends as Boolean
    Dim DaysinWeek as Integer

    If IncludeWeekends Then
        DaysinWeek = 7
    Else
        DaysinWeek = 5
    End If
    Range("A1:A" & DaysinWeek).Copy
    Range("B1").PasteSpecial
End Sub

```

◦ ◦

```

Public Sub SpeedUp( _
    SpeedUpOn As Boolean, _
    Optional xlCalc as XlCalculation = xlCalculationAutomatic _
)
    With Application

```

```

    If SpeedUpOn Then
        .ScreenUpdating = False
        .Calculation = xlCalculationManual
        .EnableEvents = False
        .DisplayStatusBar = False 'in case you are not showing any messages
        ActiveSheet.DisplayPageBreaks = False 'note this is a sheet-level setting
    Else
        .ScreenUpdating = True
        .Calculation = xlCalc
        .EnableEvents = True
        .DisplayStatusBar = True
        ActiveSheet.DisplayPageBreaks = True
    End If
End With
End Sub

```

Office- Excel VBA

```

Public Sub SomeMacro
    'store the initial "calculation" state
    Dim xlCalc As XlCalculation
    xlCalc = Application.Calculation

    SpeedUp True

    'code here ...

    'by giving the second argument the initial "calculation" state is restored
    'otherwise it is set to 'xlCalculationAutomatic'
    SpeedUp False, xlCalc
End Sub

```

```
Public Sub "Worksheet_ChangeWorkbook_SheetChangeApplication.EnableEvents = False" " " " " " "
```

```

Option Explicit

Private Sub Worksheet_Change(ByVal Target As Range)
    If Not Intersect(Target, Range("A:A")) Is Nothing Then
        On Error GoTo bm_Safe_Exit
        Application.EnableEvents = False

        'code that may change a value on the worksheet goes here

    End If
bm_Safe_Exit:
    Application.EnableEvents = True
End Sub

```

◦ SpeedUp True◦

xlCalculationManual◦ SpeedUpApplication.Calculate◦

Application◦ EndUnload Me ◦

```

Public Sub SomeMacro()
    'store the initial "calculation" state

```

```

Dim xlCalc As XlCalculation
xlCalc = Application.Calculation

On Error GoTo Handler
SpeedUp True

'code here ...
i = 1 / 0
CleanExit:
    SpeedUp False, xlCalc
    Exit Sub
Handler:
    'handle error
    Resume CleanExit
End Sub

```

ExcelActiveCellActiveSheet

ActiveCellActiveSheet◦

```

ActiveCell.Value = "Hello"
'will place "Hello" in the cell that is currently selected
Cells(1, 1).Value = "Hello"
'will always place "Hello" in A1 of the currently selected sheet

ActiveSheet.Cells(1, 1).Value = "Hello"
'will place "Hello" in A1 of the currently selected sheet
Sheets("MySheetName").Cells(1, 1).Value = "Hello"
'will always place "Hello" in A1 of the sheet named "MySheetName"

```

- Active*◦
 - ◦
 - Sheets("MyOtherSheet").SelectSheets("MyOtherSheet").SelectSheets("MyOtherSheet").Select ◦
- SubFunction◦ ◦
- -

```

Option Explicit
Sub ShowTheTime()
    '--- displays the current time and date in cell A1 on the worksheet
    Cells(1, 1).Value = Now() ' don't refer to Cells without a sheet reference!
End Sub

```

Sheet1Sheet1A1◦ ◦ ◦

```

Option Explicit
Sub ShowTheTime()
    '--- displays the current time and date in cell A1 on the worksheet
    Dim myWB As Workbook
    Set myWB = ThisWorkbook
    Dim timestampSH As Worksheet
    Set timestampSH = myWB.Sheets("Sheet1")
    timestampSH.Cells(1, 1).Value = Now()

```

```
End Sub
```

◦ ◦

SELECTACTIVATE

SelectActivate Excel◦

VBA◦ Sheet2D3

```
Option Explicit
Sub Macrol()
'
' Macrol Macro
'
'
    Sheets("Sheet2").Select
    Range("D3").Select
    ActiveCell.FormulaR1C1 = "3.1415" ' (see **note below)
    Range("D4").Select
End Sub
```

◦ **Sheet2** Sheets("Sheet2").Select **D3** Range("D3").Select **Enter** Range("D4").Select ◦

.Select

- ◦ ◦
- **.Select** ()◦ Application.ScreenUpdatingFalse ◦
- **.Select** ()◦ Application.ScreenUpdatingTrue **Excel.....**◦ ◦
- **.Select** ()◦ Worksheet_SelectionChange ()◦

VBA""Select◦

```
'--- GOOD
ActiveWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet2").Range("D3").Value = 3.1415

'--- BETTER
Dim myWB As Workbook
Dim myWS As Worksheet
Dim myCell As Range

Set myWB = ThisWorkbook '*** see NOTE2
Set myWS = myWB.Sheets("Sheet2")
Set myCell = myWS.Range("D3")

myCell.Value = 3.1415
```

.GOOD◦

**◦ ◦

**2ThisWorkbookActiveWorkbook ◦ \VBA - ◦ Excel ActiveWorkbook VBA ◦ ◦ ThisWorkbook◦

◦

ActiveWorkbookActiveSheet◦

“Results.xlsx”“Raw_Data”“Data.xlsx”“Refined_Data”◦

Select◦

```
Option Explicit

Sub CopyRanges_BetweenShts ()

    Dim wbSrc                As Workbook
    Dim wbDest               As Workbook
    Dim shtCopy              As Worksheet
    Dim shtPaste             As Worksheet

    ' set reference to all workbooks by name, don't rely on ActiveWorkbook
    Set wbSrc = Workbooks("Data.xlsx")
    Set wbDest = Workbooks("Results.xlsx")

    ' set reference to all sheets by name, don't rely on ActiveSheet
    Set shtCopy = wbSrc.Sheet1 '// "Raw_Data" sheet
    Set shtPaste = wbDest.Sheet2 '// "Refined_Data") sheet

    ' copy range from "Data" workbook to "Results" workbook without using Select
    shtCopy.Range("A1:C10").Copy _
    Destination:=shtPaste.Range("A1")

End Sub
```

WorksheetFunctionUDF

VBA◦

SUMCOUNTIFifWorkSheetFunctions◦

```
Sub UseRange()
    Dim rng as Range
    Dim Total As Double
    Dim CountLessThan01 As Long

    Total = 0
    CountLessThan01 = 0
    For Each rng in Sheets(1).Range("A1:A100")
        Total = Total + rng.Value2
        If rng.Value < 0.1 Then
            CountLessThan01 = CountLessThan01 + 1
        End If
    Next rng
    Debug.Print Total & ", " & CountLessThan01
End Sub
```

```
Sub UseArray()
```

```

Dim DataToSummarize As Variant
Dim i As Long
Dim Total As Double
Dim CountLessThan01 As Long

DataToSummarize = Sheets(1).Range("A1:A100").Value2 'faster than .Value
Total = 0
CountLessThan01 = 0
For i = 1 To 100
    Total = Total + DataToSummarize(i, 1)
    If DataToSummarize(i, 1) < 0.1 Then
        CountLessThan01 = CountLessThan01 + 1
    End If
Next i
Debug.Print Total & ", " & CountLessThan01
End Sub

```

Application.WorksheetFunction

```

Sub UseWorksheetFunction()
    Dim Total As Double
    Dim CountLessThan01 As Long

    With Application.WorksheetFunction
        Total = .Sum(Sheets(1).Range("A1:A100"))
        CountLessThan01 = .CountIf(Sheets(1).Range("A1:A100"), "<0.1")
    End With

    Debug.Print Total & ", " & CountLessThan01
End Sub

```

Application.Evaluate

```

Sub UseEvaluate()
    Dim Total As Double
    Dim CountLessThan01 As Long

    With Application
        Total = .Evaluate("SUM(" & Sheet1.Range("A1:A100").Address( _
            external:=True) & ")")
        CountLessThan01 = .Evaluate("COUNTIF('Sheet1'!A1:A100, "<0.1"")")
    End With

    Debug.Print Total & ", " & CountLessThan01
End Sub

```

2.5,0005

1. UseWorksheetFunction 2156 ms
2. UseArray 2219+ 3
3. UseEvaluate 4693 ms+ 118
4. UseRange 6530+ 203

“”。

- Find /。

Option Explicit

```
Sub find()
    Dim row As Long, column As Long
    Dim find As String, address As Range

    find = "something"

    With ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells
        Set address = .SpecialCells(xlCellTypeLastCell)
        row = .find(what:=find, after:=address).row      '< note .row not capitalized
        column = .find(what:=find, after:=address).column '< note .column not capitalized

        Debug.Print "The first 'something' is in " & .Cells(row, column).Address(0, 0)
    End With
End Sub
```

- °

Option Explicit

```
Sub myFind()
    Dim rw As Long, col As Long
    Dim wht As String, lastCell As Range

    wht = "something"

    With ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Cells
        Set lastCell = .SpecialCells(xlCellTypeLastCell)
        rw = .Find(What:=wht, After:=lastCell).Row      '◀ note .Find and .Row
        col = .Find(What:=wht, After:=lastCell).Column  '◀ .Find and .Column

        Debug.Print "The first 'something' is in " & .Cells(rw, col).Address(0, 0)
    End With
End Sub
```

° °

VBA <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/1107/vba>

8: VBA

- ModifyDelete◦

Examples

FormatConditions.Add

```
FormatConditions.Add(Type, Operator, Formula1, Formula2)
```

	/	
		XIFormatConditionType
1		
Formula2		

XIFormatConditionType enumeration

xIAboveAverageCondition	
xIBlanksCondition	
xICellValue	
xIColorScale	
xIDatabar	
xIErrorsCondition	
xIExpression	
XIIconSet	
xI>NoBlanksCondition	
xI>NoErrorsCondition	
xITextString	

xlTimePeriod	
xlTop10	
xlUniqueValues	

```
With Range("A1").FormatConditions.Add(xlCellValue, xlGreater, "=100")
  With .Font
    .Bold = True
    .ColorIndex = 3
  End With
End With
```

xlBetween	
xlEqual	
xlGreater	
xlGreaterEqual	
xlLess	
xlLessEqual	
xlNotBetween	
xlNotEqual	

TypexlExpressionOperator

```
With Range("a1:a10").FormatConditions.Add(xlTextString, TextOperator:=xlContains,
String:="egg")
  With .Font
    .Bold = True
    .ColorIndex = 3
  End With
End With
```

xlBeginsWith	o
xlContains	o
xlDoesNotContain	o

xlEndsWith	
-------------------	--

```
With Range("a1:a10").FormatConditions.Add(xlTimePeriod, DateOperator:=xlToday)
    With .Font
        .Bold = True
        .ColorIndex = 3
    End With
End With
```

xlYesterday

xlTomorrow

xlLast7Days

xlLastWeek

xlThisWeek

xlNextWeek

xlLastMonth

xlThisMonth

xlNextMonth

```
Range("A1:A10").FormatConditions.Delete
```

```
Cells.FormatConditions.Delete
```

FormatConditions.AddUniqueValues

```
With Range("E1:E100").FormatConditions.AddUniqueValues
    .DupeUnique = xlDuplicate
    With .Font
        .Bold = True
        .ColorIndex = 3
    End With
End With
```

```
With Range("E1:E100").FormatConditions.AddUniqueValues
    With .Font
```

```

        .Bold = True
        .ColorIndex = 3
    End With
End With

```

FormatConditions.AddTop10

5

```

With Range("E1:E100").FormatConditions.AddTop10
    .TopBottom = xlTop10Top
    .Rank = 5
    .Percent = False
    With .Font
        .Bold = True
        .ColorIndex = 3
    End With
End With

```

FormatConditions.AddAboveAverage

```

With Range("E1:E100").FormatConditions.AddAboveAverage
    .AboveBelow = xlAboveAverage
    With .Font
        .Bold = True
        .ColorIndex = 3
    End With
End With

```

XIAboveAverage	
XIAboveStdDev	
XIBelowAverage	
XIBelowStdDev	
XIEqualAboveAverage	
XIEqualBelowAverage	

FormatConditions.AddIconSetCondition

	A	
1	↓	13
2	→	22
3	→	33
4	→	30
5	→	23
6	↑	40
7	↑	50
8	↓	4
9	→	20
10	↓	13
11	↓	5
12	↑	45
13	→	30
14	↑	37
15	↓	12

```

Range("a1:a10").FormatConditions.AddIconSetCondition
With Selection.FormatConditions(1)
    .ReverseOrder = False
    .ShowIconOnly = False
    .IconSet = ActiveWorkbook.IconSets(xl3Arrows)
End With

With Selection.FormatConditions(1).IconCriteria(2)
    .Type = xlConditionValuePercent
    .Value = 33
    .Operator = 7
End With

With Selection.FormatConditions(1).IconCriteria(3)
    .Type = xlConditionValuePercent
    .Value = 67
    .Operator = 7
End With

```

xl3Arrows

xl3ArrowsGray

xl3Flags

xl3Signs

xl3Stars

xl3Symbols

xl3Symbols2

xl3TrafficLights1

xl3TrafficLights2

xl3Triangles

xl4Arrows
xl4ArrowsGray
xl4CRV
xl4RedToBlack
xl4TrafficLights
xl5Arrows
xl5ArrowsGray
xl5Boxes
xl5CRV
xl5Quarters

Directional

Shapes

Indicators

Ratings

[More Rules...](#)

xlConditionValuePercent
xlConditionValueNumber
xlConditionValuePercentile

xlConditionValueFormula	
-------------------------	--

xlGreater	
-----------	--

xlGreaterEqual	7
----------------	---

o

VBA <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/9912/vba>

9: WorksheetSheet

VBAWorksheetsSheets◦ ◦

◦ ExcelSheetsWorksheets◦

Examples



```
Option Explicit

Sub CheckWorksheetsDiagram()

    Debug.Print Worksheets(1).Name
    Debug.Print Charts(1).Name
    Debug.Print Sheets(1).Name

End Sub
```

```
Sheet1
Chart1
Chart1
```

WorksheetSheet <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/9996/worksheetsheet>

10: Active Worksheet

Activex""。 Jimi Hendrix。

Examples

。

Worksheet_SelectionChange。 ""Selection_Change"。 。

```
Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range)

    ComboBox1_Change

End Sub
```

ComboBoxChange。 。 CLEAR。 。

```
Private Sub ComboBox1_Change()

Dim myarray(0 To 5)
    myarray(0) = "Hey Joe"
    myarray(1) = "Little Wing"
    myarray(2) = "Voodoo Child"
    myarray(3) = "Purple Haze"
    myarray(4) = "The Wind Cries Mary"
    myarray(5) = "CLEAR"

    With ComboBox1
        .List = myarray()
    End With

    FillACell myarray()

End Sub
```

。 。 。 。 CLEAR。

。

```
Sub FillACell(MyArray As Variant)

Dim n As Integer

n = ComboBox1.ListIndex

ComboBox1.Left = ActiveCell.Left
ComboBox1.Top = ActiveCell.Top
Columns(ActiveCell.Column).ColumnWidth = ComboBox1.Width * 0.18

ActiveCell = MyArray(n)

If ComboBox1 = "CLEAR" Then
```

```

    Range(ActiveCell.Address) = ""
End If

End Sub

```

2

◦

1. ◦

2. **LinkedCell**

3. ◦

```

Private Sub cboNotIncl_Change()

Dim n As Long
Dim notincl_array(1 To 9) As String

n = myTarget.Row

If n >= 3 And n < 10000 Then

    If myTarget.Address = "$G$" & n Then

        'set up the array elements for the not included services
        notincl_array(1) = "Central Air"
        notincl_array(2) = "Hot Water"
        notincl_array(3) = "Heater Rental"
        notincl_array(4) = "Utilities"
        notincl_array(5) = "Parking"
        notincl_array(6) = "Internet"
        notincl_array(7) = "Hydro"
        notincl_array(8) = "Hydro/Hot Water/Heater Rental"
        notincl_array(9) = "Hydro and Utilities"

        cboNotIncl.List = notincl_array()

    Else

        Exit Sub

    End If

    With cboNotIncl

        'make sure the combo box moves to the target cell
        .Left = myTarget.Left
        .Top = myTarget.Top

        'adjust the size of the cell to fit the combo box
        myTarget.ColumnWidth = .Width * 0.18

        'make it look nice by editing some of the font attributes
        .Font.Size = 11
        .Font.Bold = False

        'populate the cell with the user choice, with a backup guarantee that it's in
column G

```

```

        If myTarget.Address = "$G$" & n Then

            .LinkedCell = myTarget.Address

            'prevent an error where a numerical value is formatted as text
            myTarget.EntireColumn.TextToColumns

        End If

    End With

    End If 'ensure that the active cell is only between rows 3 and 1000

End Sub

```

SelectionChange

```

Public myTarget As Range

Private Sub Worksheet_SelectionChange(ByVal Target As Range)

    Set myTarget = Target

    'switch for Not Included
    If Target.Column = 7 And Target.Cells.Count = 1 Then

        Application.Run "Module1.cboNotIncl_Change"

    End If

End Sub

```

Active Worksheet <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/8929/active-worksheet>

11: /

Examples

Merged Cells / Ranges

Merged Cells◦

◦

Range

;

•

•

[/ https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/7308/-](https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/7308/)

12:

Excel。

Examples

。

=A5*B5=Width*Height。

“”。

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2						
3						
4						
5	15	20				
6						
7						

。 Excel。 “”“”

VBA

A1“MyRange”

```
ThisWorkbook.Names.Add Name:="MyRange", _  
    RefersTo:=Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("A1")
```

```
ThisWorkbook.Names("MyRange").Delete
```

```
Dim rng As Range  
Set rng = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("MyRange")  
Call MsgBox("Width = " & rng.Value)
```

Range。

```
Call MsgBox("Width = " & [MyRange])
```

RangeValue [MyRange] [MyRange].Value

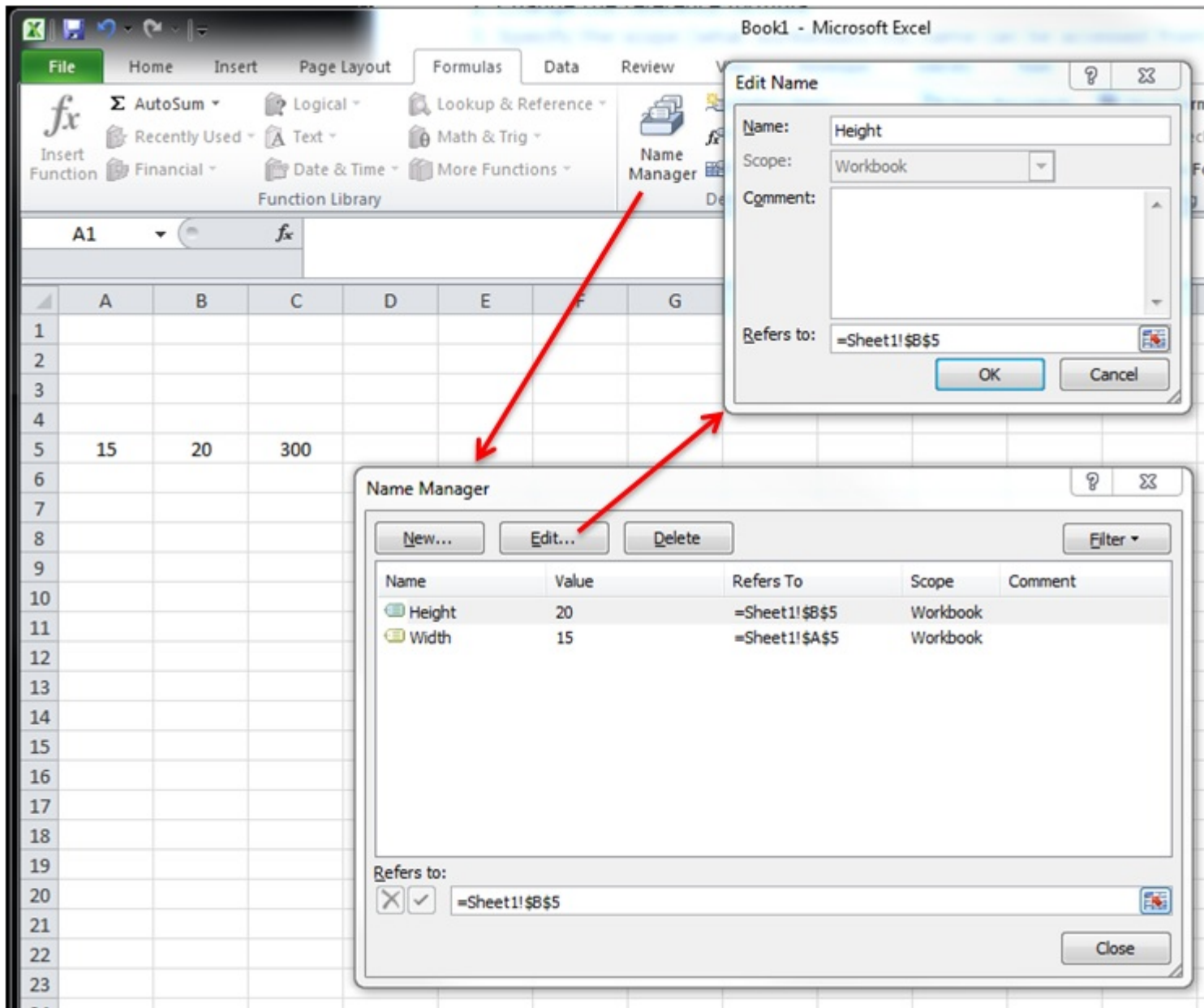
◦ MyRange

```
[MyRange].Select
```

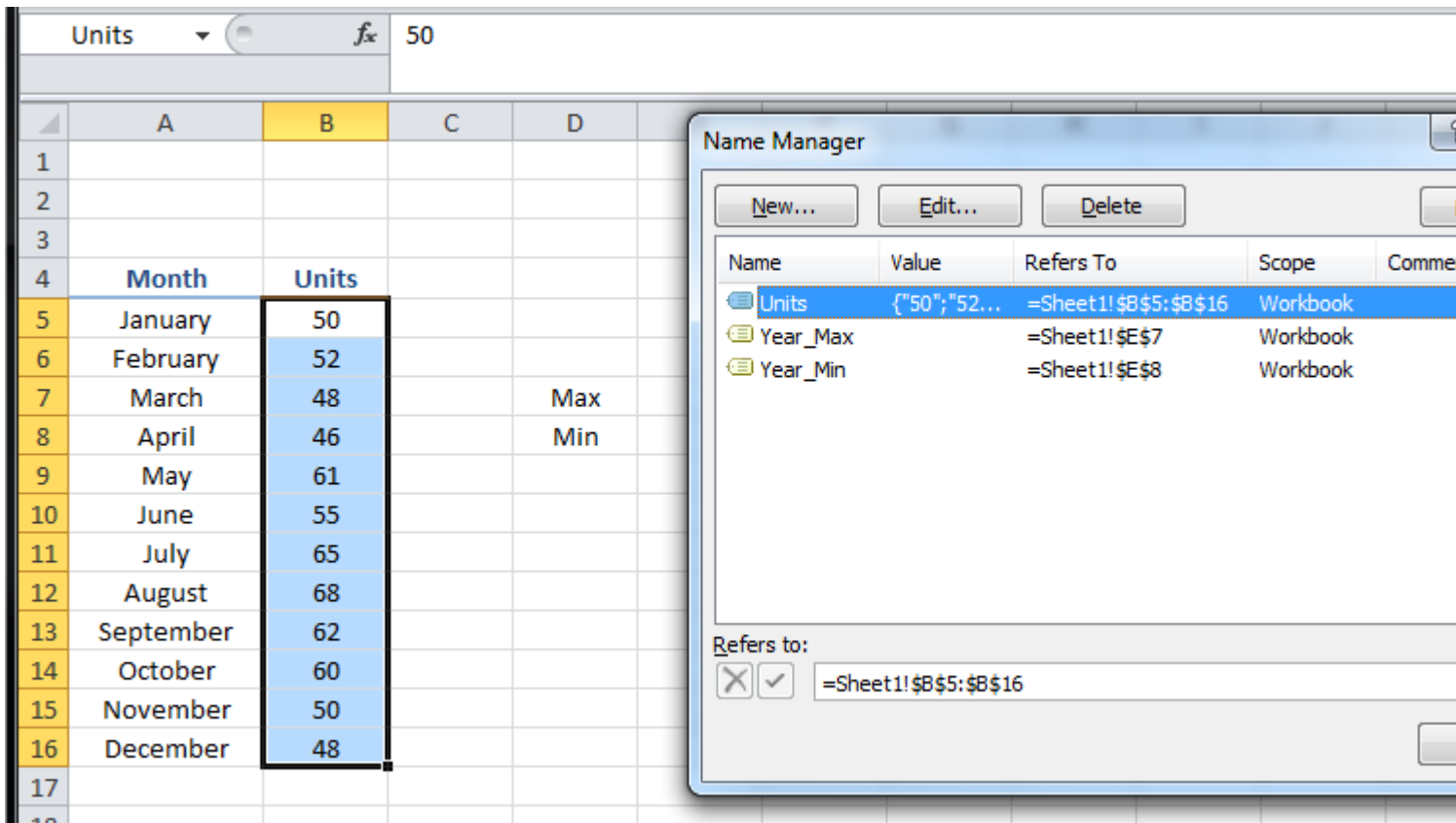
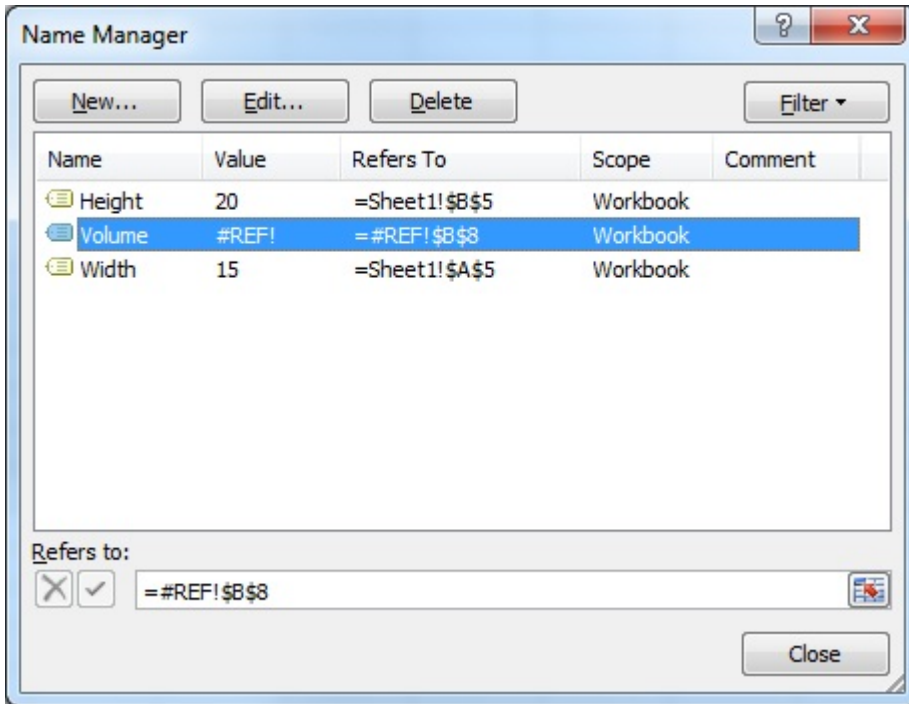
```
VBA◦ Width[Width]ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("Width")  
ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("Width")
```

“”>“”>“”

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.



◦



```

Sub Example()
    Dim wks As Worksheet
    Set wks = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")

    Dim units As Range
    Set units = ThisWorkbook.Names("Units").RefersToRange

    Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("Year_Max").Value = WorksheetFunction.Max(units)
    Worksheets("Sheet1").Range("Year_Min").Value = WorksheetFunction.Min(units)
End Sub

```


Month	Units			
January	50			
February	52			
March	48		Max	68
April	46		Min	46
May	61			
June	55			
July	65			
August	68			
September	62			
October	60			
November	50			
December	48			

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/8360/>

13:

Examples

```
Series° existngSeries WorksheetChartObject Chart° SeriesRangeValuesXValues° Series° Name;°  
Range° SERIES° SERIES°
```

```
ChartWorksheet° ° °
```

```
Sub CreateChartWithRangesAndFixedName()  
  
    Dim xData As Range  
    Dim yData As Range  
    Dim serName As Range  
  
    'set the ranges to get the data and y value label  
    Set xData = Range("B3:B12")  
    Set yData = Range("C3:C12")  
    Set serName = Range("C2")  
  
    'get reference to ActiveSheet  
    Dim sht As Worksheet  
    Set sht = ActiveSheet  
  
    'create a new ChartObject at position (48, 195) with width 400 and height 300  
    Dim chtObj As ChartObject  
    Set chtObj = sht.ChartObjects.Add(48, 195, 400, 300)  
  
    'get reference to chart object  
    Dim cht As Chart  
    Set cht = chtObj.Chart  
  
    'create the new series  
    Dim ser As Series  
    Set ser = cht.SeriesCollection.NewSeries  
  
    ser.Values = yData  
    ser.XValues = xData  
    ser.Name = serName  
  
    ser.ChartType = xlXYScatterLines  
  
End Sub
```

/Chart

```
SERIES"B" Range°
```

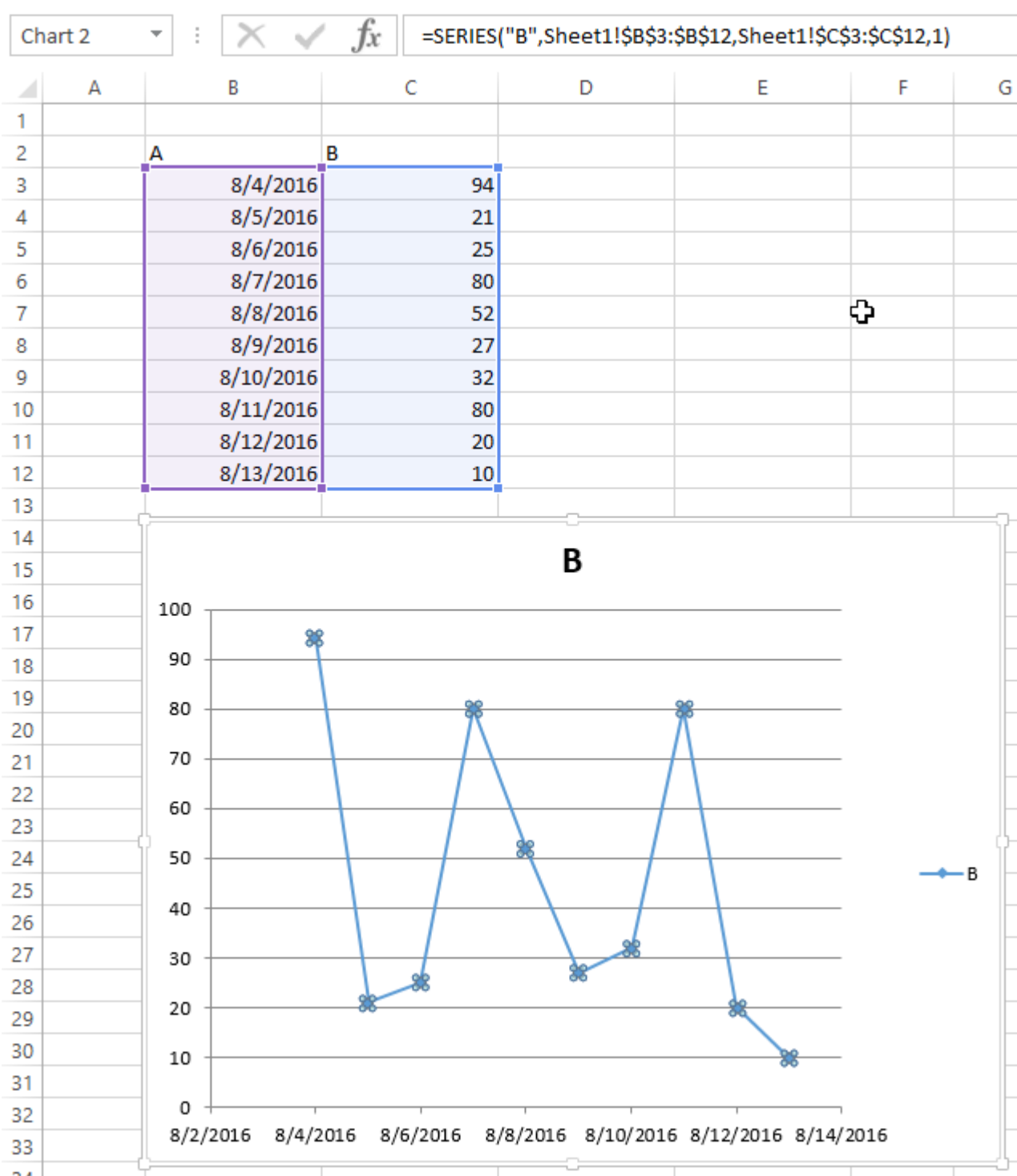


Chart ◦ Chart ◦

ChartObject ◦ ChartObjects.Add(Left, Top, Width, Height) ◦ ChartObject Chart ◦ ChartObjectShape ◦

```

Sub CreateEmptyChart ()

    'get reference to ActiveSheet
    Dim sht As Worksheet
    Set sht = ActiveSheet

    'create a new ChartObject at position (0, 0) with width 400 and height 300
    Dim chtObj As ChartObject
    Set chtObj = sht.ChartObjects.Add(0, 0, 400, 300)

```

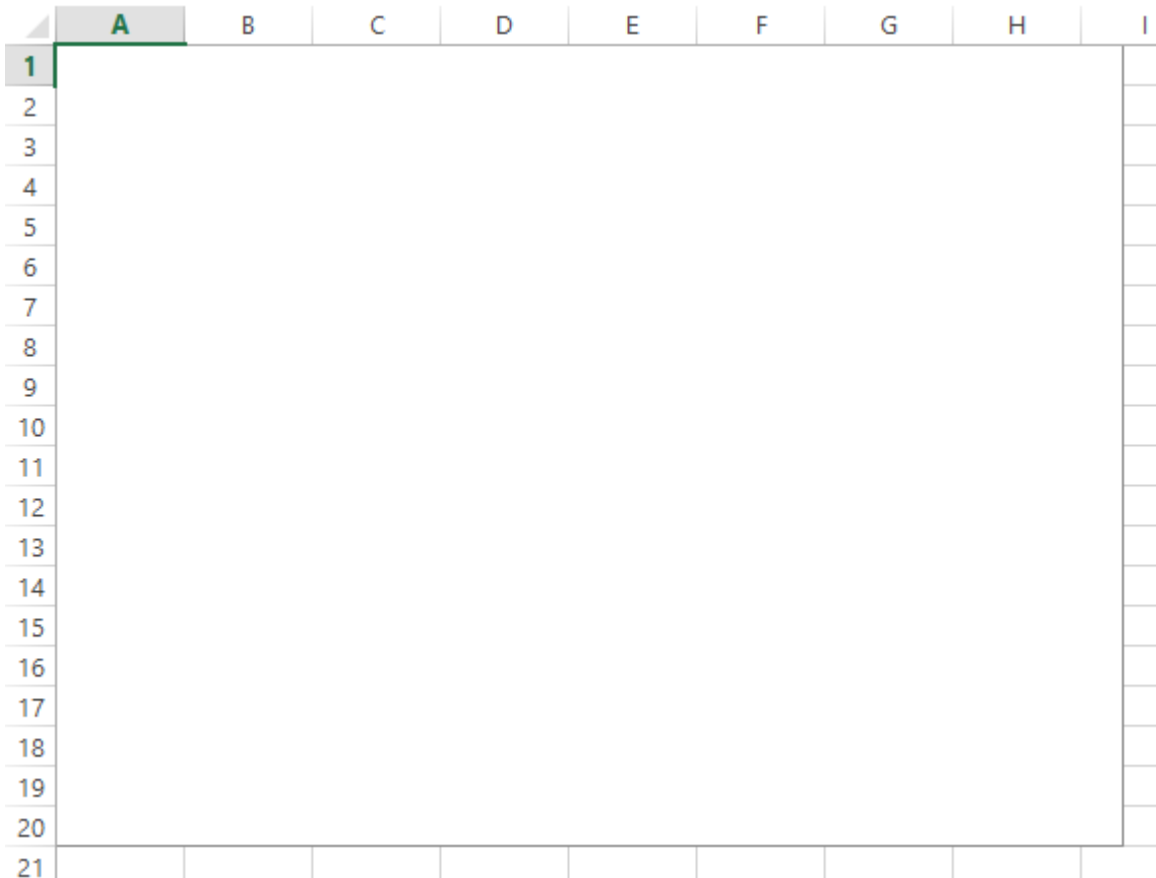
```

'get refernce to chart object
Dim cht As Chart
Set cht = chtObj.Chart

'additional code to modify the empty chart
'...

End Sub

```



SERIES

ChartSeriesSeriesSERIES◦ RangeSERIES◦

SERIES

```
=SERIES (Name, XValues, Values, Order)
```

◦ Order◦ ◦ ◦

SERIES

SERIES.Address(,,, True) ◦ **Range**◦ ◦

```

Sub CreateChartUsingSeriesFormula()

Dim xData As Range
Dim yData As Range

```

```

Dim serName As Range

'set the ranges to get the data and y value label
Set xData = Range("B3:B12")
Set yData = Range("C3:C12")
Set serName = Range("C2")

'get reference to ActiveSheet
Dim sht As Worksheet
Set sht = ActiveSheet

'create a new ChartObject at position (48, 195) with width 400 and height 300
Dim chtObj As ChartObject
Set chtObj = sht.ChartObjects.Add(48, 195, 400, 300)

'get refernce to chart object
Dim cht As Chart
Set cht = chtObj.Chart

'create the new series
Dim ser As Series
Set ser = cht.SeriesCollection.NewSeries

'set the SERIES formula
'=SERIES(name, xData, yData, plotOrder)

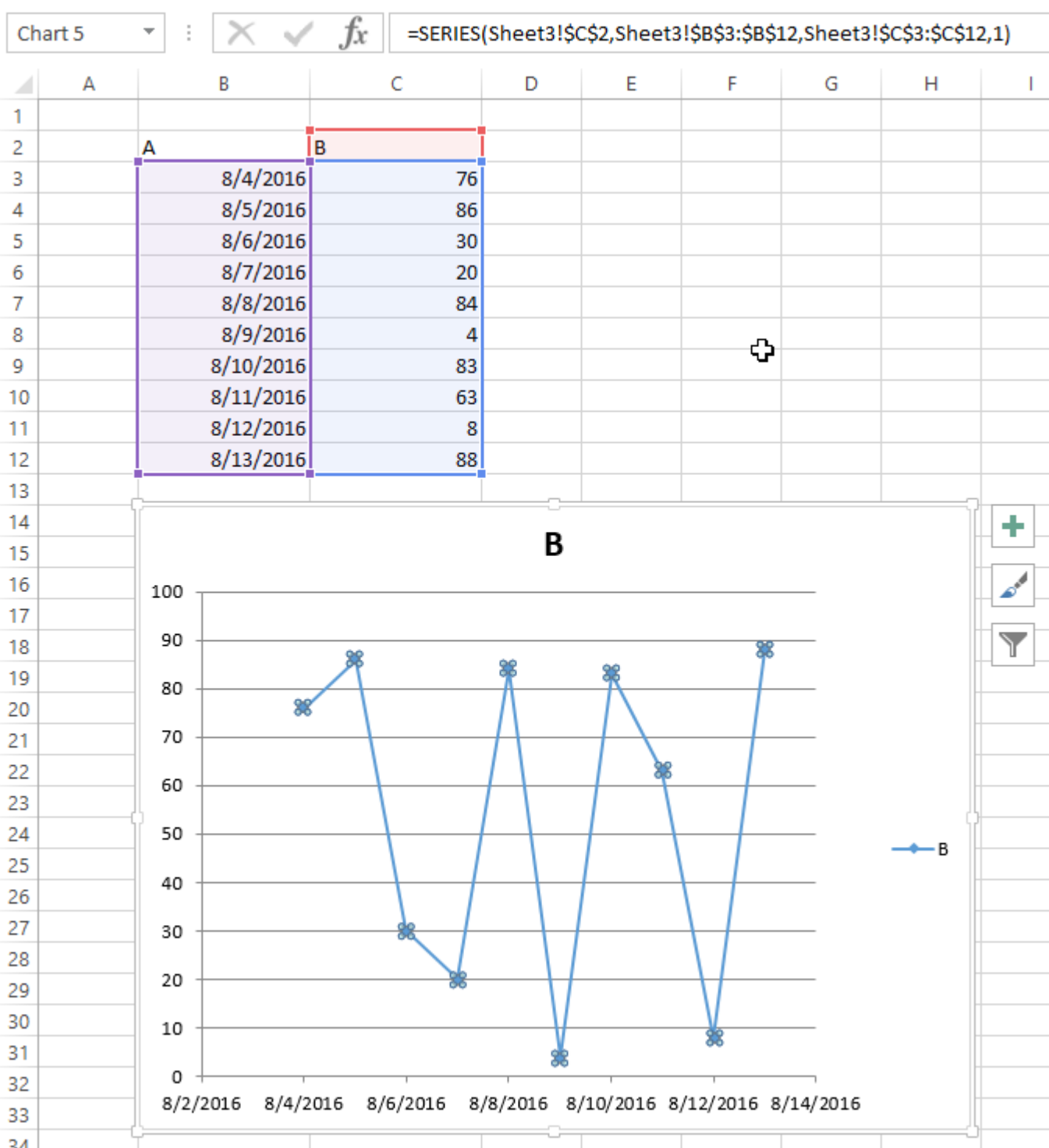
Dim formulaValue As String
formulaValue = "=SERIES(" & _
    serName.Address(, , , True) & "," & _
    xData.Address(, , , True) & "," & _
    yData.Address(, , , True) & ",1)"

ser.Formula = formulaValue
ser.ChartType = xlXYScatterLines

End Sub

```

◦ Chart ◦



Excel。 ALT“””。 VBA。

。 。

```
Sub CreateGridOfCharts()

    Dim int_cols As Integer
    int_cols = 3

    Dim cht_width As Double
    cht_width = 250

    Dim cht_height As Double
```

```

cht_height = 200

Dim offset_vertical As Double
offset_vertical = 195

Dim offset_horz As Double
offset_horz = 40

Dim sht As Worksheet
Set sht = ActiveSheet

Dim count As Integer
count = 0

'iterate through ChartObjects on current sheet
Dim cht_obj As ChartObject
For Each cht_obj In sht.ChartObjects

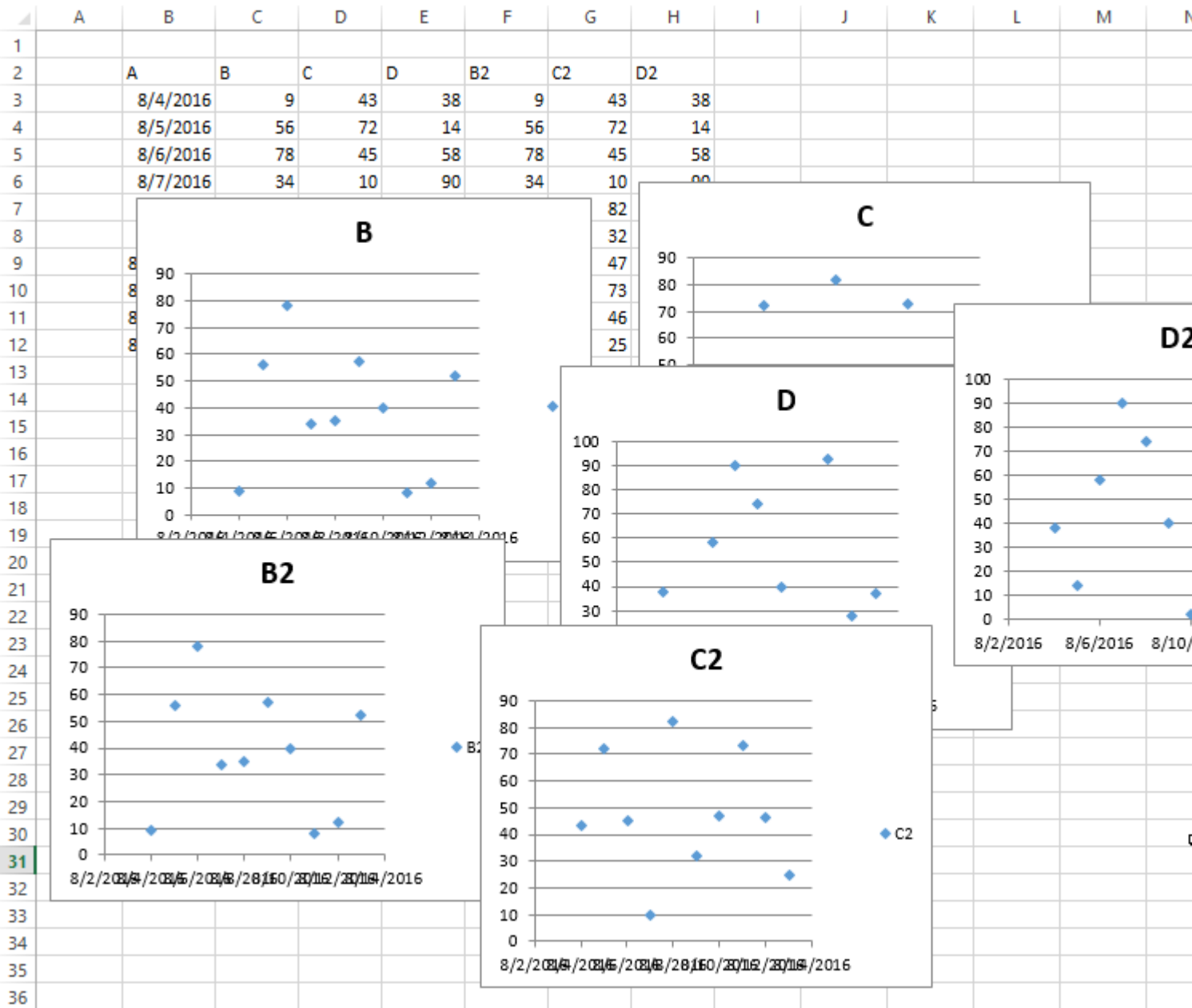
    'use integer division and Mod to get position in grid
    cht_obj.Top = (count \ int_cols) * cht_height + offset_vertical
    cht_obj.Left = (count Mod int_cols) * cht_width + offset_horz
    cht_obj.Width = cht_width
    cht_obj.Height = cht_height

    count = count + 1

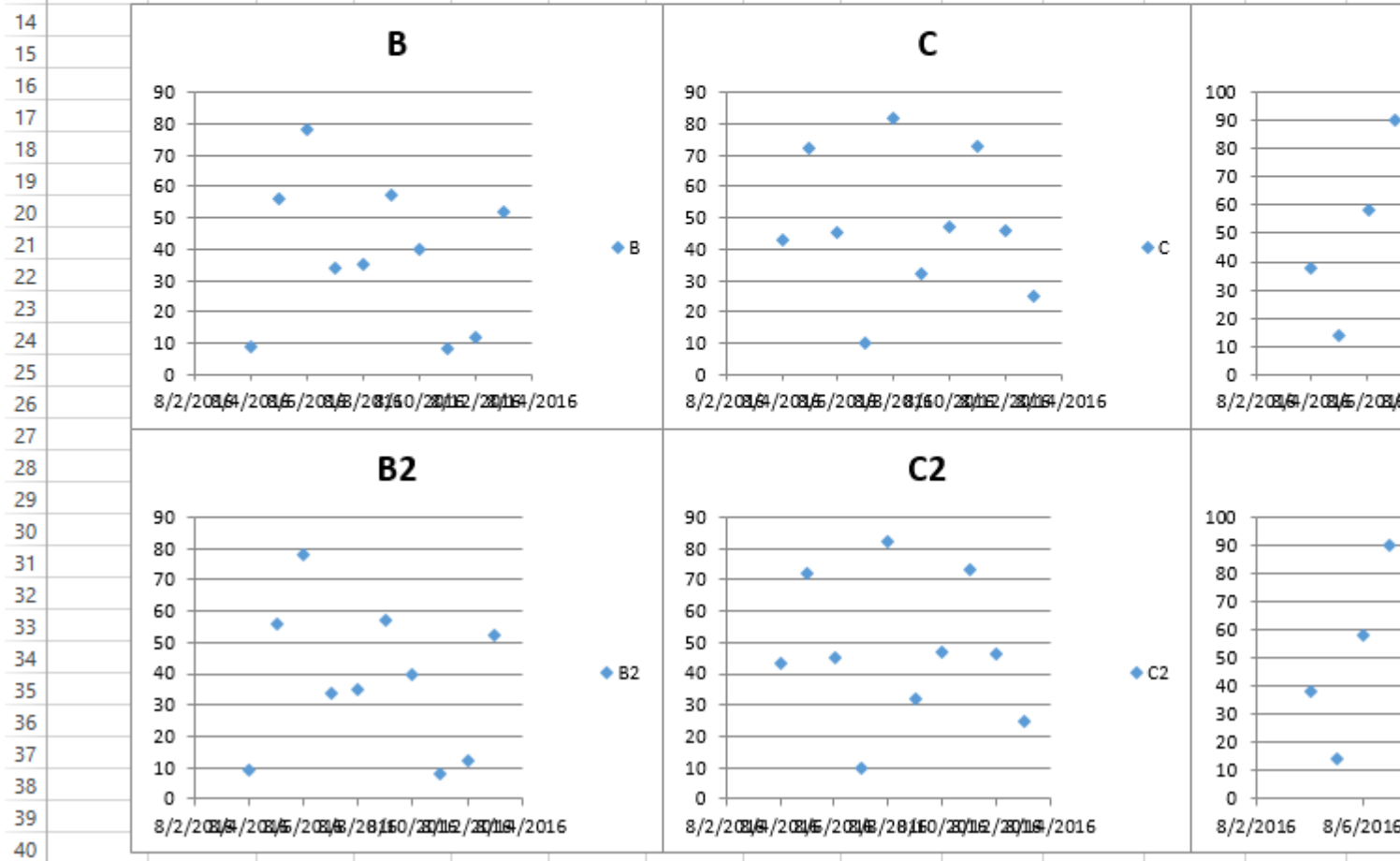
Next cht_obj
End Sub

```

o



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1														
2		A	B	C	D	B2	C2	D2						
3		8/4/2016	9	43	38	9	43	38						
4		8/5/2016	56	72	14	56	72	14						
5		8/6/2016	78	45	58	78	45	58						
6		8/7/2016	34	10	90	34	10	90						
7		8/8/2016	35	82	74	35	82	74						
8		8/9/2016	57	32	40	57	32	40						
9		8/10/2016	40	47	2	40	47	2						
10		8/11/2016	8	73	93	8	73	93						
11		8/12/2016	12	46	28	12	46	28						
12		8/13/2016	52	25	37	52	25	37						



<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/4968/>

14: VBAExcel

VBAExcel。 VBAExcelListObjects。 ListObjectListRowsListColumnsDataBodyRangeRange
HeaderRowRange。

Examples

ListObject

```
Dim lo as ListObject
Dim MyRange as Range

Set lo = Sheet1.ListObjects(1)

'or

Set lo = Sheet1.ListObjects("Table1")

'or

Set lo = MyRange.ListObject
```

ListRows / ListColumns

```
Dim lo as ListObject
Dim lr as ListRow
Dim lc as ListColumn

Set lr = lo.ListRows.Add
Set lr = lo.ListRows(5)

For Each lr in lo.ListRows
    lr.Range.ClearContents
    lr.Range(1, lo.ListColumns("Some Column").Index).Value = 8
Next

Set lc = lo.ListColumns.Add
Set lc = lo.ListColumns(4)
Set lc = lo.ListColumns("Header 3")

For Each lc in lo.ListColumns
    lc.DataBodyRange.ClearContents 'DataBodyRange excludes the header row
    lc.Range(1,1).Value = "New Header Name" 'Range includes the header row
Next
```

Excel

```
Dim lo as ListObject

Set lo = Sheet1.ListObjects("Table1")
lo.Unlist
```


15:

- VBA ◦ for-nextif-then ◦

Examples

A2A7 ◦ ◦ xml ◦

```
Sub find_duplicates()  
' Declare variables  
Dim ws As Worksheet ' worksheet  
Dim cell As Range ' cell within worksheet range  
Dim n As Integer ' highest row number  
Dim bFound As Boolean ' boolean flag, if duplicate is found  
Dim sFound As String: sFound = "|" ' found duplicates  
Dim s As String ' message string  
Dim s2 As String ' partial message string  
' Set Sheet to memory  
Set ws = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Duplicates")  
  
' loop thru FULLY QUALIFIED REFERENCE  
For Each cell In ws.Range("A2:A7")  
    bFound = False: s2 = "" ' start each cell with empty values  
' Check if first occurrence of this value as duplicate to avoid further searches  
    If InStr(sFound, "|" & cell & "|") = 0 Then  
  
        For n = cell.Row + 1 To 7 ' iterate starting point to avoid REDUNDANT SEARCH  
            If cell = ws.Range("A" & n).Value Then  
                If cell.Row <> n Then ' only other cells, as same cell cannot be a duplicate  
                    bFound = True ' boolean flag  
                    ' found duplicates in cell A{n}  
                    s2 = s2 & vbNewLine & " -> duplicate in A" & n  
                End If  
            End If  
        Next  
    End If  
  
' notice all found duplicates  
    If bFound Then  
        ' add value to list of all found duplicate values  
        ' (could be easily split to an array for further analyze)  
        sFound = sFound & cell & "|"  
        s = s & cell.Address & " (value=" & cell & ")" & s2 & vbNewLine & vbNewLine  
    End If  
Next  
' Messagebox with final result  
MsgBox "Duplicate values are " & sFound & vbNewLine & vbNewLine & s, vbInformation, "Found  
duplicates"  
End Sub
```

- nTrue If ◦

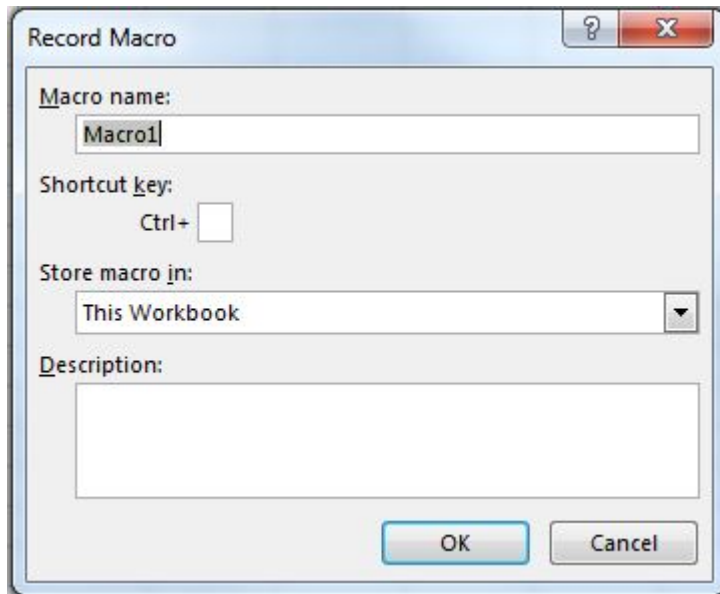
<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/8295/>

16:

Examples



○ ○ ○



○

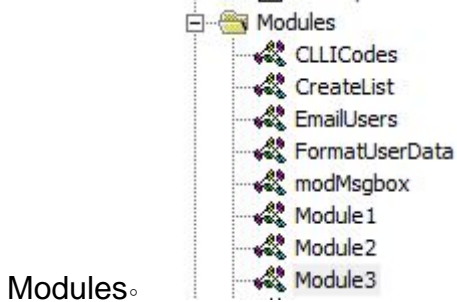
“”“”“”“”“”“”

“”

○ ○



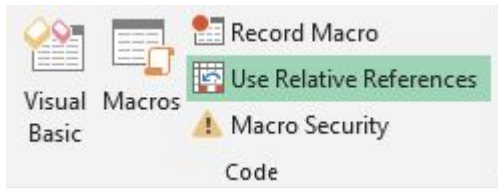
“”Visual Basic ○ Alt + F11



o o

```
Sub Macro1 ()  
'  
' Macro1 Macro  
'  
'  
  
    Selection.Copy  
    Range("A12").Select  
    ActiveSheet.Paste  
End Sub
```

“A12”



```
Sub Macro2 ()  
'  
' Macro2 Macro  
'  
'  
  
    Selection.Copy  
    ActiveCell.Offset(11, 0).Range("A1").Select  
    ActiveSheet.Paste  
End Sub
```

“A1”

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/8204/>

17:

Examples

ExcelVBA: “.xlsm”VBA: VBA.

VBAApplicationWorkbooksExcel: [MSDN](#).

ActiveWorkbookThisWorkbook

VBAVBA: VBA ActiveWorkbook.

```
'--- the currently active workbook (and worksheet) is implied
Range("A1").value = 3.1415
Cells(1, 1).value = 3.1415
```

- VBAExcel - ActiveWorkbook: UDF: A1 =EarlyOrLate() VBA: UDF

```
Public Function EarlyOrLate() As String
    If Hour(Now) > ThisWorkbook.Sheets("WatchTime").Range("A1") Then
        EarlyOrLate = "It's Late!"
    Else
        EarlyOrLate = "It's Early!"
    End If
End Function
```

UDFExcel: “WatchTime”. UDFActiveWorkbookThisWorkbook.

A

Workbooks

```
dim myWB as Workbook
Set myWB = Workbooks("UsuallyFullPathnameOfWorkbook.xlsx")
```

WorkbooksAdd:

```
Dim myNewWB as Workbook
Set myNewWB = Workbooks.Add
```

o o

```
Option Explicit
Function GetWorkbook(ByVal wbFilename As String) As Workbook
    '--- returns a workbook object for the given filename, including checks
    '    for when the workbook is already open, exists but not open, or
    '    does not yet exist (and must be created)
    '    *** wbFilename must be a fully specified pathname
    Dim folderFile As String
```

```

Dim returnedWB As Workbook

'--- check if the file exists in the directory location
folderFile = File(wbFilename)
If folderFile = "" Then
    '--- the workbook doesn't exist, so create it
    Dim pos1 As Integer
    Dim fileExt As String
    Dim fileFormatNum As Long
    '--- in order to save the workbook correctly, we need to infer which workbook
    '    type the user intended from the file extension
    pos1 = InStrRev(sFullName, ".", , vbTextCompare)
    fileExt = Right(sFullName, Len(sFullName) - pos1)
    Select Case fileExt
        Case "xlsx"
            fileFormatNum = 51
        Case "xlsm"
            fileFormatNum = 52
        Case "xls"
            fileFormatNum = 56
        Case "xlsb"
            fileFormatNum = 50
        Case Else
            Err.Raise vbObjectError + 1000, "GetWorkbook function", _
                "The file type you've requested (file extension) is not recognized. "
& _
                "Please use a known extension: xlsx, xlsm, xls, or xlsb."
    End Select
    Set returnedWB = Workbooks.Add
    Application.DisplayAlerts = False
    returnedWB.SaveAs filename:=wbFilename, FileFormat:=fileFormatNum
    Application.DisplayAlerts = True
    Set GetWorkbook = returnedWB
Else
    '--- the workbook exists in the directory, so check to see if
    '    it's already open or not
    On Error Resume Next
    Set returnedWB = Workbooks(sFile)
    If returnedWB Is Nothing Then
        Set returnedWB = Workbooks.Open(sFullName)
    End If
End If
End Function

```

VBA.

o

```

Application.DisplayAlerts = False      'disable user prompt to overwrite file
myWB.SaveAs FileName:="NewOrExistingFilename.xlsx"
Application.DisplayAlerts = True       're-enable user prompt to overwrite file

```

Excel™3. VBA.

```

'--- save the current Excel global setting
With Application
    Dim oldSheetsCount As Integer
    oldSheetsCount = .SheetsInNewWorkbook

```



```
Dim myNewWB As Workbook
.SheetsInNewWorkbook = 1
Set myNewWB = .Workbooks.Add
'--- restore the previous setting
.SheetsInNewWorkbook = oldsheetscount
End With
```

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/2969/>

18:

Examples

worksheet rangecells ◦

```
ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1").Range(Cells(1, 2), Cells(2, 3)).Copy
```

Cells ◦ **Cells**ActiveSheet ◦ Sheet1ActiveSheet ◦

With

```
With ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")
    .Range(.Cells(1, 2), .Cells(2, 3)).Copy
End With
```

Worksheet ◦ ◦

```
Dim ws1 As Worksheet
Set ws1 = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")
ws1.Range(ws1.Cells(1, 2), ws1.Cells(2, 3)).Copy
```

Worksheets ◦

```
Worksheets("Sheet1").Copy
```

Sheet1 ◦ ◦

```
ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")      '<--ThisWorkbook refers to the workbook containing
                                           'the running VBA code
Workbooks("Book1").Worksheets("Sheet1") '<--Where Book1 is the workbook containing Sheet1
```

```
ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")    '<--Valid, but if another workbook is activated
                                           'the reference will be changed
```

rangerange

```
Range("a1")
```

```
ActiveSheet.Range("a1")
```

◦

```
Dim i As Long
With Workbooks("Book1").Worksheets("Sheet1")
    For i = 1 To 4
        If IsEmpty(.Cells(i, 1)) Then .Rows(i).Delete
    
```

```
Next i
End With
```

◦ 343◦ i4.◦

```
Dim i As Long
With Workbooks("Book1").Worksheets("Sheet1")
    For i = 4 To 1 Step -1
        If IsEmpty(.Cells(i, 1)) Then .Rows(i).Delete
    Next i
End With
```

ActiveWorkbookThisWorkbook

ActiveWorkbookThisWorkbookVBA◦ [Application Object](#)

ActiveWorkbookActiveWorkbookExcel◦

```
Sub ActiveWorkbookExample()

'// Let's assume that 'Other Workbook.xlsx' has "Bar" written in A1.

ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Range("A1").Value = "Foo"
Debug.Print ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Range("A1").Value '// Prints "Foo"

Workbooks.Open("C:\Users\BloggsJ\Other Workbook.xlsx")
Debug.Print ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Range("A1").Value '// Prints "Bar"

Workbooks.Add 1
Debug.Print ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Range("A1").Value '// Prints nothing

End Sub
```

ThisWorkbookThisWorkbook◦

```
Sub ThisWorkbookExample()

'// Let's assume to begin that this code is in the same workbook that is currently active

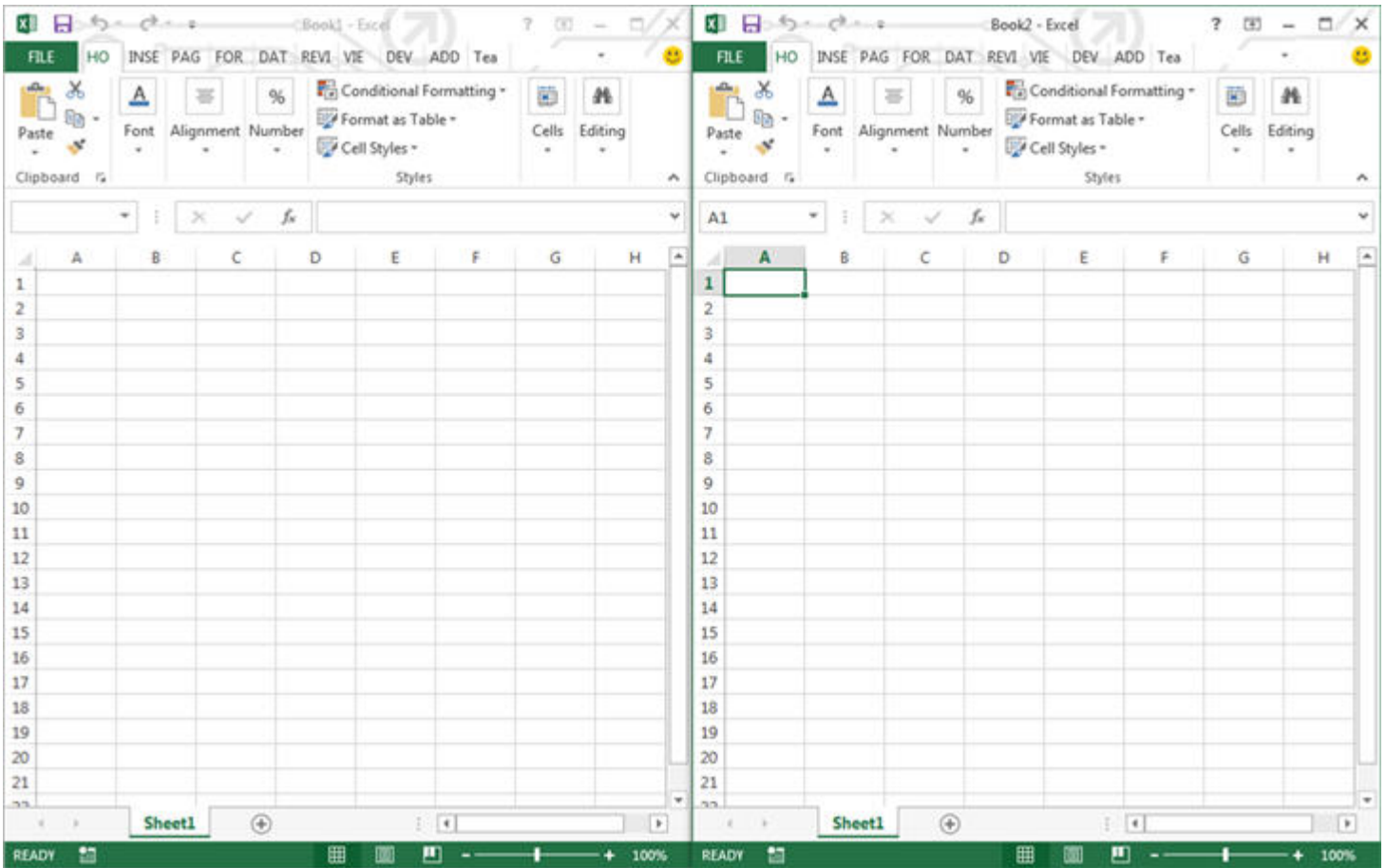
ActiveWorkbook.Sheet1.Range("A1").Value = "Foo"
Workbooks.Add 1
ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Range("A1").Value = "Bar"

Debug.Print ActiveWorkbook.ActiveSheet.Range("A1").Value '// Prints "Bar"
Debug.Print ThisWorkbook.Sheet1.Range("A1").Value '// Prints "Foo"

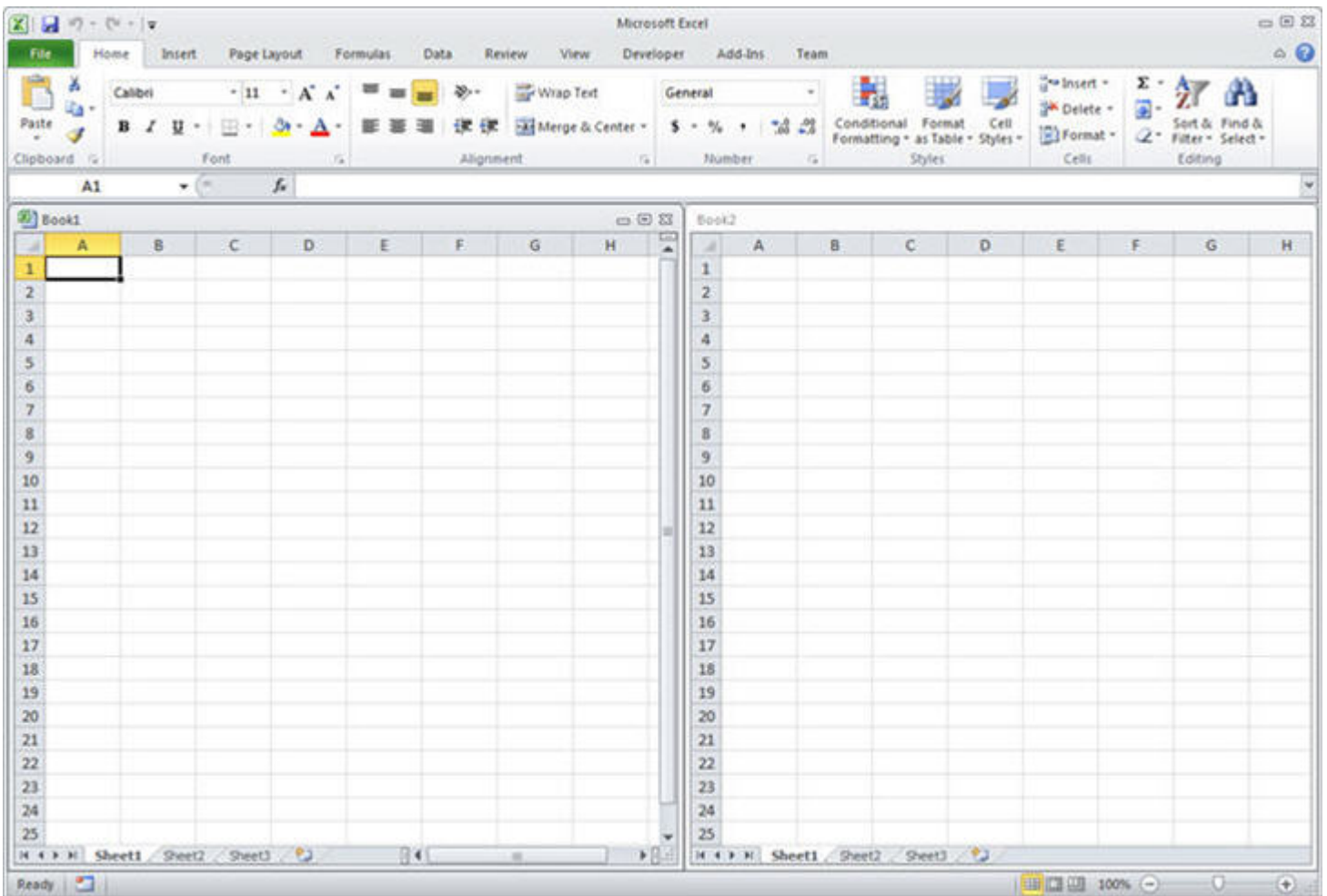
End Sub
```

Microsoft Excel 2013SDIExcel 2010MDI◦

Excel 2013SDIExcelUI



Excel 2010 ExcelUIMDI



VBA2010 < - > 2013。

Excel 2013UI。

1. Excel。 Application.ActiveWindow Application.Windows
2. Excel 2013SDI。 Application.Hwnd

[MSDN](#) 。

。 。

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/1576/>

19:

Excel VBA Excel。 **Application**。 Excelcatchall。 Excel**Application**。

*Application*Excel。

Examples

Excel

ApplicationExcel。

```
Sub MinimizeExcel()  
  
    Application.WindowState = xlMinimized  
  
End Sub
```

ExcelVBE

```
Sub DisplayExcelVersions()  
  
    MsgBox "The version of Excel is " & Application.Version  
    MsgBox "The version of the VBE is " & Application.VBE.Version  
  
End Sub
```

Application.VersionExcel。

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/5645/>

20:

Examples

◦ Excel ◦ ObjectVariant ◦

◦

- VBA ◦
- Key / Item ◦
-
- VBE ◦

VBE → VBA ◦

;VBA ◦

```
'Looping through a dictionary that was created with late binding1
Sub iterateDictionaryLate()
    Dim k As Variant, dict As Object

    Set dict = CreateObject("Scripting.Dictionary")
    dict.CompareMode = vbTextCompare          'non-case sensitive compare model

    'populate the dictionary
    dict.Add Key:="Red", Item:="Balloon"
    dict.Add Key:="Green", Item:="Balloon"
    dict.Add Key:="Blue", Item:="Balloon"

    'iterate through the keys
    For Each k In dict.Keys
        Debug.Print k & " - " & dict.Item(k)
    Next k

    dict.Remove "blue"          'remove individual key/item pair by key
    dict.RemoveAll             'remove all remaining key/item pairs
End Sub

'Looping through a dictionary that was created with early binding1
Sub iterateDictionaryEarly()
    Dim d As Long, k As Variant
    Dim dict As New Scripting.Dictionary

    dict.CompareMode = vbTextCompare          'non-case sensitive compare model

    'populate the dictionary
    dict.Add Key:="Red", Item:="Balloon"
    dict.Add Key:="Green", Item:="Balloon"
    dict.Add Key:="Blue", Item:="Balloon"
    dict.Add Key:="White", Item:="Balloon"

    'iterate through the keys
    For Each k In dict.Keys
        Debug.Print k & " - " & dict.Item(k)
```

```

Next k

'iterate through the keys by the count
For d = 0 To dict.Count - 1
    Debug.Print dict.Keys(d) & " - " & dict.Items(d)
Next d

'iterate through the keys by the boundaries of the keys collection
For d = LBound(dict.Keys) To UBound(dict.Keys)
    Debug.Print dict.Keys(d) & " - " & dict.Items(d)
Next d

dict.Remove "blue"                'remove individual key/item pair by key
dict.Remove dict.Keys(0)          'remove first key/item by index position
dict.Remove dict.Keys(UBound(dict.Keys)) 'remove last key/item by index position
dict.RemoveAll                    'remove all remaining key/item pairs

End Sub

```

◦ ◦ ◦

◦ “”>”◦ ◦ ◦

◦ VBEIntelliSense◦

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/3811/>

21:

Web. . .

Examples

Excel. VBA.

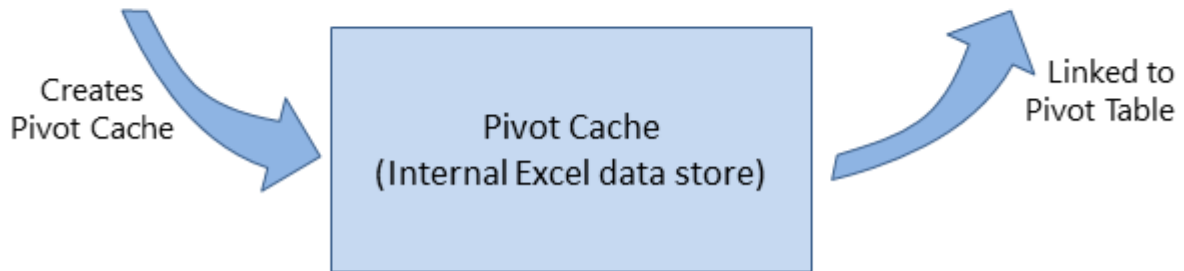
WorksheetRange. . . .

Source Data

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	FirstName	LastName	Gender	ShirtSize	Cost	
2	Mildred	Ferguson	Female	XS	\$7.56	
3	Philip	Cole	Male	XS	\$9.83	
4	Johnny	Martin	Male	2XL	\$5.91	
5	Sean	Holmes	Male	XL	\$3.12	
6	Steve	Dunn	Male	S	\$7.94	
7	Ronald	Schmidt	Male	S	\$2.00	
8	Richard	Wright	Male	2XL	\$6.24	
9	Diane	Roberts	Female	L	\$9.83	
10	Joshua	Weaver	Male	M	\$0.72	
11	Teresa	Schmidt	Female	M	\$7.61	
12	Lois	Burke	Female	S	\$8.24	
13	Alan	Mcdonald	Male	M	\$7.31	
14	Randy	Edwards	Male	2XL	\$8.39	
15	Raymond	Flores	Male	3XL	\$8.53	

Pivot Table

	A	B	C	D
1	LastName	(All)		
2				
3	Sum of Cost	Column Labels		
4	Row Labels	Female	Male	Grand Total
5	2XL		\$ 20.54	\$ 20.54
6	3XL		\$ 8.53	\$ 8.53
7	L	\$ 9.83		\$ 9.83
8	M	\$ 7.61	\$ 8.03	\$ 15.64
9	S	\$ 8.24	\$ 9.94	\$ 18.18
10	XL		\$ 3.12	\$ 3.12
11	XS	\$ 7.56	\$ 9.83	\$ 17.39
12	Grand Total	\$ 33.24	\$ 59.99	\$ 93.23
13				



. Excel.

Source Data

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	FirstName	LastName	Gender	ShirtSize	Cost	
2	Mildred	Ferguson	Female	XS	\$7.56	
3	Philip	Cole	Male	XS	\$9.83	
4	Johnny	Martin	Male	2XL	\$5.91	
5	Sean	Holmes	Male	XL	\$3.12	
6	Steve	Dunn	Male	S	\$7.94	
7	Ronald	Schmidt	Male	S	\$2.00	
8	Richard	Wright	Male	2XL	\$6.24	
9	Diane	Roberts	Female	L	\$9.83	
10	Joshua	Weaver	Male	M	\$0.72	
11	Teresa	Schmidt	Female	M	\$7.61	
12	Lois	Burke	Female	S	\$8.24	
13	Alan	Mcdonald	Male	M	\$7.31	
14	Randy	Edwards	Male	2XL	\$8.39	
15	Raymond	Flores	Male	3XL	\$8.53	

Pivot Table

	A	B	C	D
1	LastName	(All)		
2				
3	Sum of Cost	Column Labels		
4	Row Labels	Female	Male	Grand Total
5	2XL	\$	20.54	\$ 20.54
6	3XL	\$	8.53	\$ 8.53
7	L	\$	9.83	\$ 9.83
8	M	\$	7.61	\$ 8.03
9	S	\$	8.24	\$ 9.94
10	XL	\$	3.12	\$ 3.12
11	XS	\$	7.56	\$ 9.83
12	Grand Total	\$	33.24	\$ 59.99
13				

Creates
Pivot CachePivot Cache
(Internal Excel data store)Linked to
Pivot Tables

	A	B	C	D
1	LastName	(All)		
2				
3	Sum of Cost	Column Labels		
4	Row Labels	Female	Male	Grand Total
5	2XL	\$	20.54	\$ 20.54
6	3XL	\$	8.53	\$ 8.53
7	L	\$	9.83	\$ 9.83
8	M	\$	7.61	\$ 8.03
9	S	\$	8.24	\$ 9.94
10	XL	\$	3.12	\$ 3.12
11	XS	\$	7.56	\$ 9.83
12	Grand Total	\$	33.24	\$ 59.99
13				

```

Sub test ()
    Dim pt As PivotTable
    Set pt = CreatePivotTable(ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1:E15"))
End Sub

Function CreatePivotTable(ByRef srcData As Range) As PivotTable
    '--- creates a Pivot Table from the given source data and
    '    assumes that the first row contains valid header data
    '    for the columns
    Dim thisPivot As PivotTable
    Dim dataSheet As Worksheet
    Dim ptSheet As Worksheet
    Dim ptCache As PivotCache

    '--- the Pivot Cache must be created first...
    Set ptCache = ThisWorkbook.PivotCaches.Create(SourceType:=xlDatabase, _
        SourceData:=srcData)

    '--- ... then use the Pivot Cache to create the Table
    Set ptSheet = ThisWorkbook.Sheets.Add
    Set thisPivot = ptCache.CreatePivotTable(TableDestination:=ptSheet.Range("A3"))
    Set CreatePivotTable = thisPivot
End Function

```

- [VBA - Jon Peltier](#)
- [VBAExcel](#) - globalconnect Excel VBA

```

Dim thisPivot As PivotTable
Dim ptSheet As Worksheet
Dim ptField As PivotField

Set ptSheet = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("SheetNameWithPivotTable")
Set thisPivot = ptSheet.PivotTables(1)

With thisPivot
    Set ptField = .PivotFields("Gender")
    ptField.Orientation = xlRowField
    ptField.Position = 1
    Set ptField = .PivotFields("LastName")
    ptField.Orientation = xlRowField
    ptField.Position = 2
    Set ptField = .PivotFields("ShirtSize")
    ptField.Orientation = xlColumnField
    ptField.Position = 1
    Set ptField = .AddDataField(.PivotFields("Cost"), "Sum of Cost", xlSum)
    .InGridDropZones = True
    .RowAxisLayout xlTabularRow
End With

```

/ DataBodyRange ◦ Range ◦ ◦

TableStyle2TableStylePivotTable◦

```

Dim thisPivot As PivotTable
Dim ptSheet As Worksheet
Dim ptField As PivotField

Set ptSheet = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("SheetNameWithPivotTable")
Set thisPivot = ptSheet.PivotTables(1)

With thisPivot
    .DataBodyRange.NumberFormat = "_($* #,##0.00_);_($* (#,##0.00);_($* "-"??_);_(@_)"
    .DataBodyRange.HorizontalAlignment = xlRight
    .ColumnRange.HorizontalAlignment = xlCenter
    .TableStyle2 = "PivotStyleMedium9"
End With

```

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/3797/>

22:

Examples

o

```
'one-dimensional
Dim arrayDirect1D(2) As String
arrayDirect(0) = "A"
arrayDirect(1) = "B"
arrayDirect(2) = "C"

'multi-dimensional (in this case 3D)
Dim arrayDirectMulti(1, 1, 2)
arrayDirectMulti(0, 0, 0) = "A"
arrayDirectMulti(0, 0, 1) = "B"
arrayDirectMulti(0, 0, 2) = "C"
arrayDirectMulti(0, 1, 0) = "D"
'...
```

Array

```
'one-dimensional only
Dim array1D As Variant 'has to be type variant
array1D = Array(1, 2, "A")
'-> array1D(0) = 1, array1D(1) = 2, array1D(2) = "A"
```

```
Dim arrayRange As Variant 'has to be type variant

'putting ranges in an array always creates a 2D array (even if only 1 row or column)
'starting at 1 and not 0, first dimension is the row and the second the column
arrayRange = Range("A1:C10").Value
'-> arrayRange(1,1) = value in A1
'-> arrayRange(1,2) = value in B1
'-> arrayRange(5,3) = value in C5
'...

'You can get an one-dimensional array from a range (row or column)
'by using the worksheet functions index and transpose:

'one row from range into 1D-Array:
arrayRange = Application.WorksheetFunction.Index(Range("A1:C10").Value, 3, 0)
'-> row 3 of range into 1D-Array
'-> arrayRange(1) = value in A3, arrayRange(2) = value in B3, arrayRange(3) = value in C3

'one column into 1D-Array:
'limited to 65536 rows in the column, reason: limit of .Transpose
arrayRange = Application.WorksheetFunction.Index( _
Application.WorksheetFunction.Transpose(Range("A1:C10").Value), 2, 0)
```

```
'-> column 2 of range into 1D-Array
'-> arrayRange(1) = value in B1, arrayRange(2) = value in B2, arrayRange(3) = value in B3
'...

'By using Evaluate() - shorthand [] - you can transfer the
'range to an array and change the values at the same time.
'This is equivalent to an array formula in the sheet:
arrayRange = [(A1:C10*3)]
arrayRange = [(A1:C10&"_test")]
arrayRange = [(A1:B10*C1:C10)]
'...
```

2D

```
Dim array2D As Variant
'[] ist a shorthand for evaluate()
'Arrays defined with evaluate start at 1 not 0
array2D = [{"1A","1B","1C";"2A","2B","3B"}]
'-> array2D(1,1) = "1A", array2D(1,2) = "1B", array2D(2,1) = "2A" ...

'if you want to use a string to fill the 2D-Array:
Dim strValues As String
strValues = "{""1A""""""1B""""""1C""""""2A""""""2B""""""2C""""}"
array2D = Evaluate(strValues)
```

Split

```
Dim arraySplit As Variant 'has to be type variant
arraySplit = Split("a,b,c", ",")
'-> arraySplit(0) = "a", arraySplit(1) = "b", arraySplit(2) = "c"
```

Excel-VBAVBA.

Excel-VBAVBA.

Array.

Array.

```
Dim myArray() As Integer
For i = 0 To UBound(myArray) 'Will result in a "Subscript Out of Range" error
```

oneliner

```
If Not Not myArray Then MsgBox UBound(myArray) Else MsgBox "myArray not initialised"
```



```

Sub Array_clarity()

Dim arr() As Variant 'creates an empty array
Dim x As Long
Dim y As Long

x = Range("A1", Range("A1").End(xlDown)).Cells.Count
y = Range("A1", Range("A1").End(xlToRight)).Cells.Count

ReDim arr(0 To x, 0 To y) 'fixing the size of the array

For x = LBound(arr, 1) To UBound(arr, 1)
    For y = LBound(arr, 2) To UBound(arr, 2)
        arr(x, y) = Range("A1").Offset(x, y) 'storing the value of Range("A1:E10") from
activesheet in x and y variables
    Next
Next

'Put it on the same sheet according to the declaration:
Range("A14").Resize(UBound(arr, 1), UBound(arr, 2)).Value = arr

End Sub

```

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/2027/>

23:

Examples

```
Sub FileExists()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    If fso.FileExists("D:\test.txt") = True Then  
        MsgBox "The file is exists."  
    Else  
        MsgBox "The file isn't exists."  
    End If  
End Sub
```

```
Sub FolderExists()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    If fso.FolderExists("D:\testFolder") = True Then  
        MsgBox "The folder is exists."  
    Else  
        MsgBox "The folder isn't exists."  
    End If  
End Sub
```

```
Sub DriveExists()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    If fso.DriveExists("D:\") = True Then  
        MsgBox "The drive is exists."  
    Else  
        MsgBox "The drive isn't exists."  
    End If  
End Sub
```

```
Sub CopyFile()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.CopyFile "c:\Documents and Settings\Makro.txt", "c:\Documents and Settings\Macros\  
End Sub
```

```
Sub MoveFile()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.MoveFile "c:\*.txt", "c:\Documents and Settings\  
End Sub
```

```
Sub DeleteFile()  
    Dim fso  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.DeleteFile "c:\Documents and Settings\Makros\Makro.txt"  
End Sub
```

```
Sub CreateFolder()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.CreateFolder "c:\Documents and Settings\NewFolder"  
End Sub
```

```
Sub CopyFolder()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.CopyFolder "C:\Documents and Settings\NewFolder", "C:\"  
End Sub
```

```
Sub MoveFolder()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.MoveFolder "C:\Documents and Settings\NewFolder", "C:\"  
End Sub
```

```
Sub DeleteFolder()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    fso.DeleteFolder "C:\Documents and Settings\NewFolder"  
End Sub
```

```
Sub GetFileName()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    MsgBox fso.GetFileName("c:\Documents and Settings\Makro.txt")  
End Sub
```

Makro.txt

```
Sub GetBaseName()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    MsgBox fso.GetBaseName("c:\Documents and Settings\Makro.txt")
```



```
End Sub
```

Makro

```
Sub GetExtensionName()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    MsgBox fso.GetExtensionName("c:\Documents and Settings\Makro.txt")  
End Sub
```

txt

```
Sub GetDriveName()  
    Dim fso as Scripting.FileSystemObject  
    Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")  
    MsgBox fso.GetDriveName("c:\Documents and Settings\Makro.txt")  
End Sub
```

C

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/9933/>

24:

[/ http //stackoverflow.com/a/11169920/4628637](http://stackoverflow.com/a/11169920/4628637)

Examples

◦
◦
End“”◦

```
Sub FindingLastRow()  
    Dim wS As Worksheet, LastRow As Long  
    Set wS = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")  
  
    'Here we look in Column A  
    LastRow = wS.Cells(wS.Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp).Row  
    Debug.Print LastRow  
End Sub
```

LastRow = wS.Cells(wS.Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp).Row

1. "Sheet1"

LastRow = wS.UsedRange.Row - 1 + wS.UsedRange.Rows.Count ◦

2. "Sheet1""A"

```
Dim i As Long  
For i = LastRow To 1 Step -1  
    If Not (IsEmpty(Cells(i, 1))) Then Exit For  
Next i  
LastRow = i
```

◦ ◦

```
Sub FindingLastRow()  
  
Dim sht As Worksheet  
Dim LastRow As Long  
Dim FirstRow As Long  
  
Set sht = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("form")  
  
'Using Named Range "MyNameRange"  
FirstRow = sht.Range("MyNameRange").Row  
  
' in case "MyNameRange" doesn't start at Row 1  
LastRow = sht.Range("MyNameRange").Rows.count + FirstRow - 1
```

```
End Sub
```

@Jeeped. ◦

targessheet = formrange = MyNameRange

```
Sub FindingLastRow()  
    Dim rw As Range, rwMax As Long  
    For Each rw In Sheets("form").Range("MyNameRange").Rows  
        If rw.Row > rwMax Then rwMax = rw.Row  
    Next  
    MsgBox "Last row of 'MyNameRange' under Sheets 'form': " & rwMax  
End Sub
```

```
'if only one area (not multiple areas):  
With Range("A3:D20")  
    Debug.Print .Cells.CountLarge.Row  
    Debug.Print .Item.Cells.CountLarge.Row 'using .item is also possible  
End With 'Debug prints: 20
```

```
'with multiple areas (also works if only one area):  
Dim rngArea As Range, LastRow As Long  
With Range("A3:D20, E5:I50, H20:R35")  
    For Each rngArea In .Areas  
        If rngArea.Cells.CountLarge.Row > LastRow Then  
            LastRow = rngArea.Cells.CountLarge.Row  
        End If  
    Next  
    Debug.Print LastRow 'Debug prints: 50  
End With
```

```
Private Sub Get_Last_Used_Row_Index()  
    Dim wS As Worksheet  
  
    Set wS = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1")  
    Debug.Print LastCol_1(wS)  
    Debug.Print LastCol_0(wS)  
End Sub
```

2

- `NOLastCol_1` `wS.Cells(..., LastCol_1(wS))`
- `LastCol_00`

```
Public Function LastCol_1(wS As Worksheet) As Double  
    With wS  
        If Application.WorksheetFunction.CountA(.Cells) <> 0 Then  
            LastCol_1 = .Cells.Find(What:="*", _  
                After:=.Range("A1"), _  
                Lookat:=xlPart, _  
                LookIn:=xlFormulas, _  
                SearchOrder:=xlByColumns, _  
                SearchDirection:=xlPrevious, _  
                MatchCase:=False).Column  
        End If  
    End With  
End Function
```

```

Else
    LastCol_1 = 1
End If
End With
End Function

```

Err.

```

Public Function LastCol_0(wS As Worksheet) As Double
    On Error Resume Next
    LastCol_0 = wS.Cells.Find(What:="*", _
        After:=ws.Range("A1"), _
        Lookat:=xlPart, _
        LookIn:=xlFormulas, _
        SearchOrder:=xlByColumns, _
        SearchDirection:=xlPrevious, _
        MatchCase:=False).Column
End Function

```

Range.CurrentRegion

[Range.CurrentRegion](#) ◦ = ""'ISBLANK Excel ◦

```

Dim rng As Range, lastCell As Range
Set rng = Range("C3").CurrentRegion ' or Set rng = Sheet1.UsedRange.CurrentRegion
Set lastCell = rng(rng.Rows.Count, rng.Columns.Count)

```

```

Private Sub Get_Last_Used_Row_Index()
    Dim wS As Worksheet

    Set wS = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1")
    Debug.Print LastRow_1(wS)
    Debug.Print LastRow_0(wS)
End Sub

```

2

- **NOLastRow_1** wS.Cells(LastRow_1(wS), ...) wS.Cells(LastRow_1(wS), ...)
- **LastRow_00**

```

Public Function LastRow_1(wS As Worksheet) As Double
    With wS
        If Application.WorksheetFunction.CountA(.Cells) <> 0 Then
            LastRow_1 = .Cells.Find(What:="*", _
                After:=.Range("A1"), _
                Lookat:=xlPart, _
                LookIn:=xlFormulas, _
                SearchOrder:=xlByRows, _
                SearchDirection:=xlPrevious, _
                MatchCase:=False).Row
        Else
            LastRow_1 = 1
        End If
    End With
End Function

```

```

End Function

Public Function LastRow_0(wS As Worksheet) As Double
    On Error Resume Next
    LastRow_0 = wS.Cells.Find(What:="", _
        After:=ws.Range("A1"), _
        Lookat:=xlPart, _
        LookIn:=xlFormulas, _
        SearchOrder:=xlByRows, _
        SearchDirection:=xlPrevious, _
        MatchCase:=False).Row
End Function

```

◦

◦

End“”◦

```

Sub FindingLastCol()
    Dim wS As Worksheet, LastCol As Long
    Set wS = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets("Sheet1")

    'Here we look in Row 1
    LastCol = wS.Cells(1, wS.Columns.Count).End(xlToLeft).Column
    Debug.Print LastCol
End Sub

```

-
- .ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet
- Cell(1, 1)Nothing

GetMaxCell (Array): Duration: 0.0000790063 seconds
 GetMaxCell (Find): Duration: 0.0002903480 seconds

◦ [MicroTimer](#)

```

Public Function GetLastCell(Optional ByVal ws As Worksheet = Nothing) As Range
    Dim uRng As Range, uArr As Variant, r As Long, c As Long
    Dim ubR As Long, ubC As Long, lRow As Long

    If ws Is Nothing Then Set ws = Application.ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet
    Set uRng = ws.UsedRange
    uArr = uRng
    If IsEmpty(uArr) Then
        Set GetLastCell = ws.Cells(1, 1): Exit Function
    End If
    If Not IsArray(uArr) Then
        Set GetLastCell = ws.Cells(uRng.Row, uRng.Column): Exit Function
    End If
    ubR = UBound(uArr, 1): ubC = UBound(uArr, 2)

```

```

For r = ubR To 1 Step -1      '----- last row
  For c = ubC To 1 Step -1
    If Not IsError(uArr(r, c)) Then
      If Len(Trim$(uArr(r, c))) > 0 Then
        lRow = r:  Exit For
      End If
    End If
  Next
  If lRow > 0 Then Exit For
Next
If lRow = 0 Then lRow = ubR
For c = ubC To 1 Step -1      '----- last col
  For r = lRow To 1 Step -1
    If Not IsError(uArr(r, c)) Then
      If Len(Trim$(uArr(r, c))) > 0 Then
        Set GetLastCell = ws.Cells(lRow + uRng.Row - 1, c + uRng.Column - 1)
        Exit Function
      End If
    End If
  Next
Next
End Function

```

```

'Returns last cell (max row & max col) using Find

Public Function GetMaxCell2(Optional ByRef rng As Range = Nothing) As Range 'Using Find

  Const NONEMPTY As String = "*"

  Dim lRow As Range, lCol As Range

  If rng Is Nothing Then Set rng = Application.ThisWorkbook.ActiveSheet.UsedRange

  If WorksheetFunction.CountA(rng) = 0 Then
    Set GetMaxCell2 = rng.Parent.Cells(1, 1)
  Else
    With rng
      Set lRow = .Cells.Find(What:=NONEMPTY, LookIn:=xlFormulas, _
        After:=.Cells(1, 1), _
        SearchDirection:=xlPrevious, _
        SearchOrder:=xlByRows)

      If Not lRow Is Nothing Then
        Set lCol = .Cells.Find(What:=NONEMPTY, LookIn:=xlFormulas, _
          After:=.Cells(1, 1), _
          SearchDirection:=xlPrevious, _
          SearchOrder:=xlByColumns)

        Set GetMaxCell2 = .Parent.Cells(lRow.Row, lCol.Column)
      End If
    End With
  End If
End Function

```

o

```
Private Declare PtrSafe Function getFrequency Lib "Kernel32" Alias "QueryPerformanceFrequency"  
(cyFrequency As Currency) As Long  
Private Declare PtrSafe Function getTickCount Lib "Kernel32" Alias "QueryPerformanceCounter"  
(cyTickCount As Currency) As Long  
  
Function MicroTimer() As Double  
    Dim cyTicks1 As Currency  
    Static cyFrequency As Currency  
  
    MicroTimer = 0  
    If cyFrequency = 0 Then getFrequency cyFrequency           'Get frequency  
    getTickCount cyTicks1                                     'Get ticks  
    If cyFrequency Then MicroTimer = cyTicks1 / cyFrequency 'Returns Seconds  
End Function
```

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/918/>

25:

Examples

If

```
If ◦ TrueFalse x > 2 ◦
```

```
If ◦ IfThen ◦
```

1.IfTrue

If

```
IfTrue ◦ ◦ End If ◦
```

```
If [Some condition is True] Then [Do something]
```

If

```
TrueIf ◦
```

```
If [Some condition is True] Then  
  [Do some things]  
End If
```

```
IfEnd If ◦
```

2.IfTrueFalse

If Else

```
TrueFalse ◦ Else ◦ ◦ End If ◦
```

```
If [Some condition is True] Then [Do something] Else [Do something else]
```

If Else

```
If ElseTrueFalse ◦
```

```
If [Some condition is True] Then  
  [Do some things]  
Else  
  [Do some other things]  
End If
```

```
IfEnd If ◦
```


3.False

If◦ If◦

If ElseIf ... Else

IfElseIf◦ IfFalseElseIf◦

```
If [Some condition is True] Then
  [Do some thing(s)]
ElseIf [Some other condition is True] Then
  [Do some different thing(s)]
Else 'Everything above has evaluated to False
  [Do some other thing(s)]
End If
```

ElseIfIfEnd If◦ ElseIfElseEnd If◦

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/9632/>

26: UDF

1. **functionName** argumentVariable As dataType argumentVariable2 As dataType Optional argumentVariable3 As dataType as functionReturnDataType

◦ ◦ 0 ◦ ◦ ◦

2. **functionName** = theVariableOrValueBeingReturned

Return ◦ VBA - ◦ ◦ ◦ ◦

3.

◦ Function ◦ VBE ◦

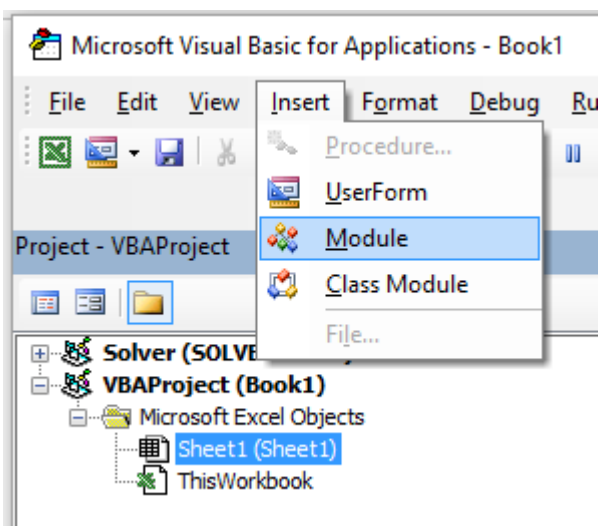
UDF ◦ =SUM(...) Sub ◦ UDF ◦

1. VBA ◦
2. Excel C API - ExcelXLL ◦
3. COM ◦

Examples

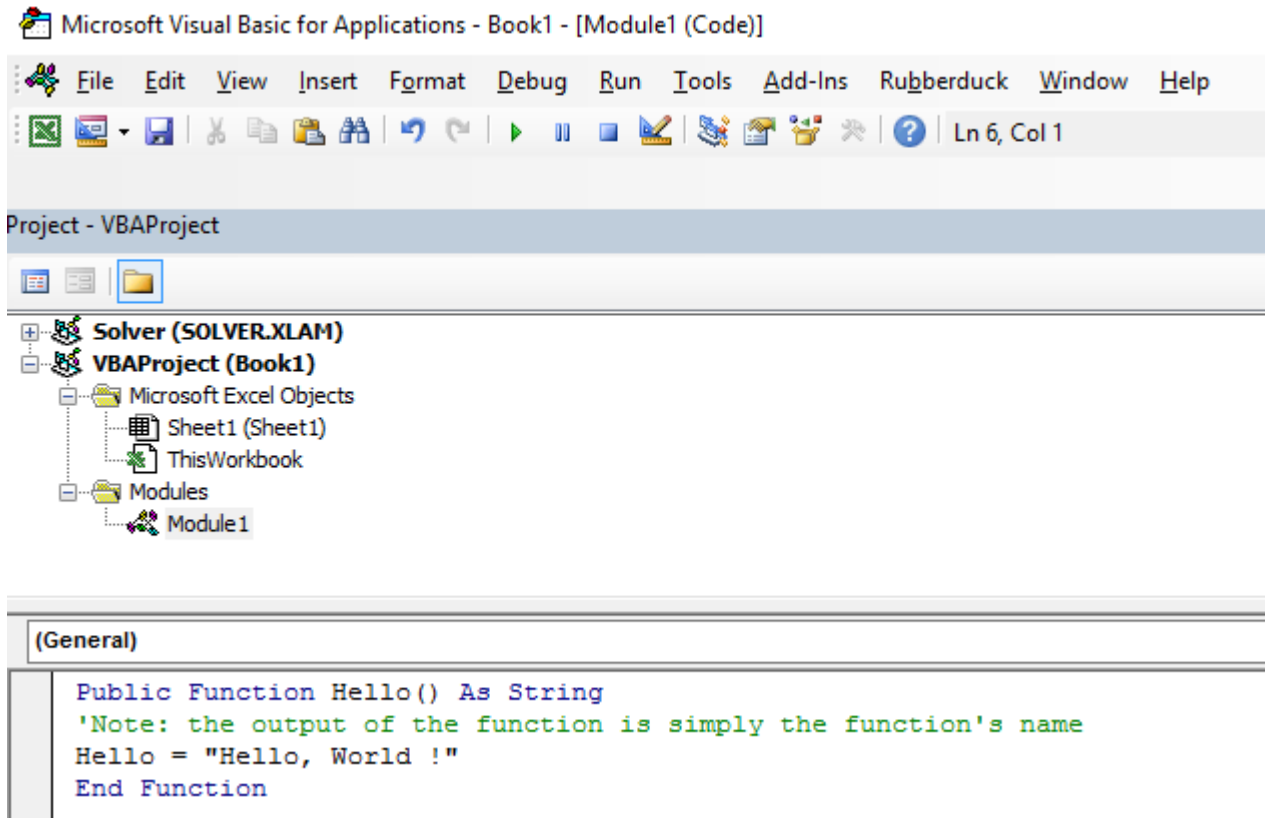
UDF - Hello World

1. Excel
2. Visual Basic [Visual Basic](#)
3. - >

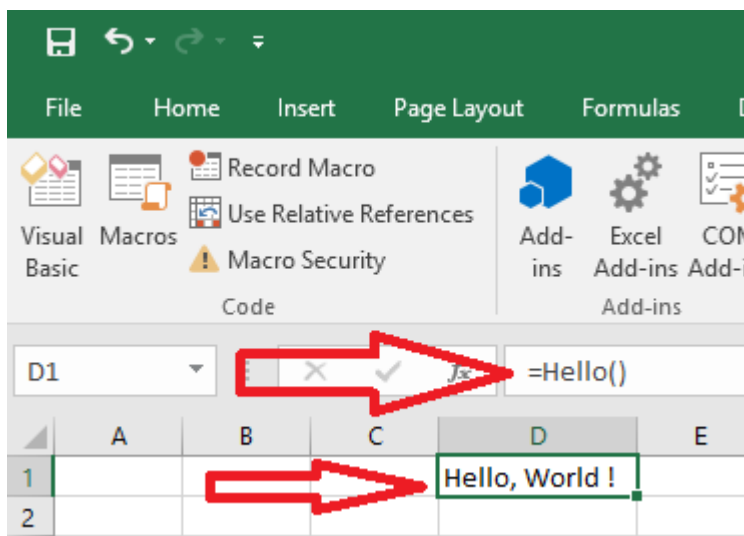


4.

```
Public Function Hello() As String
'Note: the output of the function is simply the function's name
Hello = "Hello, World !"
End Function
```



5. “= Hello”“Hello World”。



UDF。 。 VBA。

。 。

[IntersectWorksheet.UsedRange](#)。 [SUMIFsum_range](#)。

UDF[Application.Caller](#)。 [.Parent](#)。 [.UsedRange](#)。

Option Explicit

```
Function udfMySumIf(rngA As Range, rngB As Range, _
    Optional crit As Variant = "yes")
```

```

Dim c As Long, ttl As Double

With Application.Caller.Parent
    Set rngA = Intersect(rngA, .UsedRange)
    Set rngB = rngB.Resize(rngA.Rows.Count, rngA.Columns.Count)
End With

For c = 1 To rngA.Cells.Count
    If IsNumeric(rngA.Cells(c).Value2) Then
        If LCase(rngB(c).Value2) = LCase(crit) Then
            ttl = ttl + rngA.Cells(c).Value2
        End If
    End If
Next c

udfMySumIf = ttl

End Function

```

=udfMySumIf(*sum_range*, *criteria_range*, [*criteria*])

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	numbers	include					
2		17 Yes					
3	L	Maybe			68		
4		17 Maybe					
5		15 Yes					
6		8 Maybe					
7	Y	No					
8		5 No					
9		18 Yes					
10	L	Maybe					
11	A	Yes					
12	J	Maybe					
13		18 Yes					
14		7 No					
15		16 Maybe					
16							
17							

1,048,57615。

Microsoft™MSDN。

```

Function countUnique(r As range) As Long
    'Application.Volatile False ' optional
    Set r = Intersect(r, r.Worksheet.UsedRange) ' optional if you pass entire rows or columns
to the function
    Dim c As New Collection, v
    On Error Resume Next ' to ignore the Run-time error 457: "This key is already associated
with an element of this collection".
    For Each v In r.Value ' remove .Value for ranges with more than one Areas
        c.Add 0, v & ""
    Next
    c.Remove "" ' optional to exclude blank values from the count
    countUnique = c.Count

```

End Function

UDF <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/1070/-udf->

27:

- **Set - Range**
- **For Each -**

r cell.

Examples

```
Sub RangeTest()  
    Dim s As String  
    Dim r As Range 'Specific Type of Object, with members like Address, WrapText, AutoFill,  
etc.  
  
    ' This is how we fill a String:  
    s = "Hello World!"  
  
    ' But we cannot do this for a Range:  
    r = Range("A1") '//Run. Err.: 91 Object variable or With block variable not set//  
  
    ' We have to use the Object approach, using keyword Set:  
    Set r = Range("A1")  
End Sub
```

.

[MSDNRange](#). [MSDNSet](#).

```
Sub SetRangeVariable()  
    Dim ws As Worksheet  
    Dim r As Range  
  
    Set ws = ThisWorkbook.Worksheets(1) ' The first Worksheet in Workbook with this code in it  
  
    ' These are all equivalent:  
    Set r = ws.Range("A2")  
    Set r = ws.Range("A" & 2)  
    Set r = ws.Cells(2, 1) ' The cell in row number 2, column number 1  
    Set r = ws.[A2] 'Shorthand notation of Range.  
    Set r = Range("NamedRangeInA2") 'If the cell A2 is named NamedRangeInA2. Note, that this  
is Sheet independent.  
    Set r = ws.Range("A1").Offset(1, 0) ' The cell that is 1 row and 0 columns away from A1  
    Set r = ws.Range("A1").Cells(2,1) ' Similar to Offset. You can "go outside" the original  
Range.  
  
    Set r = ws.Range("A1:A5").Cells(2) 'Second cell in bigger Range.  
    Set r = ws.Range("A1:A5").Item(2) 'Second cell in bigger Range.  
    Set r = ws.Range("A1:A5")(2) 'Second cell in bigger Range.  
End Sub
```

2,1“A2”. [CellsRange](#).

[Chip Pearson-Cells](#) ; [MSDN](#) ; [John Walkenback - VBA](#) .

[Range“A”2/](#).

```

Sub RangeIteration()
    Dim wb As Workbook, ws As Worksheet
    Dim r As Range

    Set wb = ThisWorkbook
    Set ws = wb.Worksheets(1)

    For i = 1 To 10
        Set r = ws.Range("A" & i)
        ' When i = 1, the result will be Range("A1")
        ' When i = 2, the result will be Range("A2")
        ' etc.
        ' Proof:
        Debug.Print r.Address
    Next i
End Sub

```

```

Sub RangeIteration2()
    Dim wb As Workbook, ws As Worksheet
    Dim r As Range

    Set wb = ThisWorkbook
    Set ws = wb.Worksheets(1)

    For i = 1 To 10
        For j = 1 To 10
            Set r = ws.Cells(i, j)
            ' When i = 1 and j = 1, the result will be Range("A1")
            ' When i = 2 and j = 1, the result will be Range("A2")
            ' When i = 1 and j = 2, the result will be Range("B1")
            ' etc.
            ' Proof:
            Debug.Print r.Address
        Next j
    Next i
End Sub

```

ExcelA1

```
[a3] = "Hello!"
```

Application.Evaluate

```
Application.Evaluate("a3") = "Hello!"
```

Cells◦

```
Cells(3, 1).Formula = "=A1+A2"
```

VBAExcelA1◦

Excel◦

```
ActiveSheet.Cells(3, 1).Formula = "=SUM(A1:A2)"
```

```
Sheets("Sheet2").Cells(3, 1).Formula = "=SUM(A1:A2)"
```

◦ RowsCellsC1

```
ActiveSheet.Rows(1).Cells(3).Formula = "hi!"
```

Set

```
Dim R as Range  
Set R = ActiveSheet.Cells(3, 1)
```

...

```
R.Font.Color = RGB(255, 0, 0)
```

Set Set **Visual Basic** =◦

• - ◦ ◦ ◦ ◦

```
Private Sub this()  
    ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Offset(1, 1).Select  
    ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Range("A1").Offset(1, 1).Value = "New Value"  
    ActiveCell.Offset(-1, -1).Value = ActiveCell.Value  
    ActiveCell.Value = vbNullString  
End Sub
```

B2A1B2◦

```
Sub TransposeRangeValues()  
    Dim TmpArray() As Variant, FromRange as Range, ToRange as Range  
  
    set FromRange = Sheets("Sheet1").Range("a1:a12")           'Worksheets(1).Range("a1:p1")  
    set ToRange = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Range("a1")  
    'ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1").Range("a1")  
  
    TmpArray = Application.Transpose(FromRange.Value)  
    FromRange.Clear  
    ToRange.Resize(FromRange.Columns.Count, FromRange.Rows.Count).Value2 = TmpArray  
End Sub
```

Copy / PasteSpecialPaste Transpose◦

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/1503/>

28: ;

- “/” ◦ 2 ◦ Autofilter ◦

'VBAAutofilter

Sheet“MySheet” ◦ Range“MyRange” ◦ Autofilter Field =
ColumnNumberWithin“MyRange”ToBeFilteredInNumericValueCriteria1=“WhatIWantToFilter”

['stackoverflow](#)

Examples

“”5 ◦

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Control Num	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	LOCATION	DATE	ACTION		1. How many "Pulp" do we have now? (Total)
2	9005124	Pulp	42	Rack #5	4-Oct-16	In		
15	9005137	Pulp	67	Rack #1	21-Nov-15	Out		
16	9005138	Pulp	92	Rack #3	19-Jun-15	Out		
42	9005164	Pulp	48	Rack #5	1-Dec-15	In		
45	9005167	Pulp	53	Rack #5	17-Mar-15	Out		
50	9005172	Pulp	13	Rack #3	5-Dec-15	In		
55	9005177	Pulp	30	Rack #2	15-Sep-16	In		
56	9005178	Pulp	90	Rack #3	27-Jan-16	Out		
68	9005190	Pulp	67	Rack #7	25-Aug-16	Out		
70	9005192	Pulp	62	Rack #6	7-Nov-15	Out		
71	9005193	Pulp	46	Rack #7	1-Dec-15	Out		
72	9005194	Pulp	6	Rack #2	18-Dec-16	Out		
83	9005205	Pulp	86	Rack #6	30-Mar-16	Out		
102	9005224	Pulp	78	Rack #3	7-Sep-16	Out		
109	9005231	Pulp	19	Rack #1	21-May-15	In		
115	9005237	Pulp	33	Rack #6	14-Jan-15	Out		
121	9005243	Pulp	46	Rack #1	25-Sep-15	Out		
124	9005246	Pulp	48	Rack #1	3-Jan-15	In		
125	9005247	Pulp	39	Rack #3	8-May-16	Out		
142	9005264	Pulp	68	Rack #1	15-Nov-15	In		
146	9005268	Pulp	50	Rack #2	30-Nov-16	In		
154	9005276	Pulp	11	Rack #4	8-Dec-15	In		
156	9005278	Pulp	40	Rack #1	5-Jun-16	In		
169	9005291	Pulp	84	Rack #4	21-Sep-16	Out		
174	9005296	Pulp	31	Rack #1	3-May-16	In		
182	9005304	Pulp	61	Rack #7	9-Apr-16	Out		
190	9005312	Pulp	57	Rack #1	2-Jul-15	Out		
192	9005314	Pulp	56	Rack #2	12-Feb-15	In		
200	9005322	Pulp	43	Rack #7	27-Sep-16	Out		
202	9005324	Pulp	97	Rack #1	16-Apr-16	In		
205	9005327	Pulp	80	Rack #6	8-Nov-16	In		
214	9005336	Pulp	82	Rack #5	27-Jul-15	In		
215	9005337	Pulp	27	Rack #4	17-Sep-16	In		
218	9005340	Pulp	51	Rack #3	16-Nov-15	Out		

-
 "SmartFilter".

Worksheet_Change

SmartFilter

```
Private Sub Worksheet_Change(ByVal Target As Range)
  Dim ItemInRange As Range
```

```

Const CellsFilters As String = "C2,E2,G2"
    Call ExcelBusy
    For Each ItemInRange In Target
    If Not Intersect(ItemInRange, Range(CellsFilters)) Is Nothing Then Call Inventory_Filter
    Next ItemInRange
    Call ExcelNormal
End Sub

```

1“General_Functions”

```

Sub ExcelNormal()
    With Excel.Application
        .EnableEvents = True
        .Cursor = xlDefault
        .ScreenUpdating = True
        .DisplayAlerts = True
        .StatusBar = False
        .CopyObjectsWithCells = True
    End With
End Sub

Sub ExcelBusy()
    With Excel.Application
        .EnableEvents = False
        .Cursor = xlWait
        .ScreenUpdating = False
        .DisplayAlerts = False
        .StatusBar = False
        .CopyObjectsWithCells = True
    End With
End Sub

Sub Select_Sheet(NameSheet As String, Optional VerifyExistanceOnly As Boolean)
    On Error GoTo Err01Select_Sheet
    Sheets(NameSheet).Visible = True
    If VerifyExistanceOnly = False Then ' 1. If VerifyExistanceOnly = False
    Sheets(NameSheet).Select
    Sheets(NameSheet).AutoFilterMode = False
    Sheets(NameSheet).Cells.EntireRow.Hidden = False
    Sheets(NameSheet).Cells.EntireColumn.Hidden = False
    End If ' 1. If VerifyExistanceOnly = False
    If 1 = 2 Then '99. If error
Err01Select_Sheet:
    MsgBox "Err01Select_Sheet: Sheet " & NameSheet & " doesn't exist!", vbCritical: Call
ExcelNormal: On Error GoTo -1: End
    End If '99. If error
End Sub

Function General_Functions_Find_Title(InSheet As String, TitleToFind As String, Optional
InRange As Range, Optional IsNeededToExist As Boolean, Optional IsWhole As Boolean) As Range
Dim DummyRange As Range
    On Error GoTo Err01General_Functions_Find_Title
    If InRange Is Nothing Then ' 1. If InRange Is Nothing
    Set DummyRange = IIf(IsWhole = True, Sheets(InSheet).Cells.Find(TitleToFind,
LookAt:=xlWhole), Sheets(InSheet).Cells.Find(TitleToFind, LookAt:=xlPart))
    Else ' 1. If InRange Is Nothing
    Set DummyRange = IIf(IsWhole = True,
Sheets(InSheet).Range(InRange.Address).Find(TitleToFind, LookAt:=xlWhole),
Sheets(InSheet).Range(InRange.Address).Find(TitleToFind, LookAt:=xlPart))
    End If ' 1. If InRange Is Nothing
    Set General_Functions_Find_Title = DummyRange
    If 1 = 2 Or DummyRange Is Nothing Then '99. If error
Err01General_Functions_Find_Title:

```

```

    If IsNeededToExist = True Then MsgBox "Err01General_Functions_Find_Title: Title '" &
TitleToFind & "' was not found in sheet '" & InSheet & "'", vbCritical: Call ExcelNormal: On
Error GoTo -1: End
    End If '99. If error
End Function

```

2“Inventory_Handling”

```

Const TitleDesc As String = "DESCRIPTION"
Const TitleLocation As String = "LOCATION"
Const TitleActn As String = "ACTION"
Const TitleQty As String = "QUANTITY"
Const SheetRecords As String = "Record"
Const SheetSmartFilter As String = "SmartFilter"
Const RowFilter As Long = 2
Const ColDataToPaste As Long = 2
Const RowDataToPaste As Long = 7
Const RangeInResult As String = "K1"
Const RangeOutResult As String = "K2"
Sub Inventory_Filter()
Dim ColDesc As Long: ColDesc = General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetSmartFilter, TitleDesc,
IsNeededToExist:=True, IsWhole:=True).Column
Dim ColLocation As Long: ColLocation = General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetSmartFilter,
TitleLocation, IsNeededToExist:=True, IsWhole:=True).Column
Dim ColActn As Long: ColActn = General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetSmartFilter, TitleActn,
IsNeededToExist:=True, IsWhole:=True).Column
Dim ColQty As Long: ColQty = General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetSmartFilter, TitleQty,
IsNeededToExist:=True, IsWhole:=True).Column
Dim CounterQty As Long
Dim TotalQty As Long
Dim TotalIn As Long
Dim TotalOut As Long
Dim RangeFiltered As Range
    Call Select_Sheet(SheetSmartFilter)
    If Cells(Rows.Count, ColDataToPaste).End(xlUp).Row > RowDataToPaste - 1 Then
Rows(RowDataToPaste & ":" & Cells(Rows.Count, "B").End(xlUp).Row).Delete
        Sheets(SheetRecords).AutoFilterMode = False
        If Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value <> "" Or Cells(RowFilter, ColLocation).Value <> "" Or
Cells(RowFilter, ColActn).Value <> "" Then ' 1. If Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value <> "" Or
Cells(RowFilter, ColLocation).Value <> "" Or Cells(RowFilter, ColActn).Value <> ""
            With Sheets(SheetRecords).UsedRange
                If Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value <> "" Then .AutoFilter
Field:=General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetRecords, TitleDesc, IsNeededToExist:=True,
IsWhole:=True).Column, Criterial:=Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value
                If Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColLocation).Value <> "" Then .AutoFilter
Field:=General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetRecords, TitleLocation, IsNeededToExist:=True,
IsWhole:=True).Column, Criterial:=Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColLocation).Value
                If Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColActn).Value <> "" Then .AutoFilter
Field:=General_Functions_Find_Title(SheetRecords, TitleActn, IsNeededToExist:=True,
IsWhole:=True).Column, Criterial:=Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColActn).Value
                'If we don't use a filter we would need to use a cycle For/to or For/Each Cell in range
                'to determine whether or not the row meets the criteria that we are looking and then
                'save it on an array, collection, dictionary, etc
                'IG: For CounterRow = 2 To TotalRows
                'If Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value <> "" and
Sheets(SheetRecords).cells(CounterRow, ColDescInRecords).Value=
Sheets(SheetSmartFilter).Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value then
                    'Redim Preserve MyUnecessaryArray(UnecessaryNumber) 'Save to array:
(UnecessaryNumber)=MyUnecessaryArray. Or in a dictionary, etc. At the end, we would transpose
this values into the sheet, at the end

```

```

'both are the same, but, just try to see the time invested on each logic.
If .Cells(1, 1).End(xlDown).Value <> "" Then Set RangeFiltered = .Rows("2:" &
Sheets(SheetRecords).Cells(Rows.Count, "A").End(xlUp).Row).SpecialCells(xlCellTypeVisible)
'If it is not <>"" means that there was not filtered data!
If RangeFiltered Is Nothing Then MsgBox "Err01Inventory_Filter: No data was found with the
given criteria!", vbCritical: Call ExcelNormal: End
RangeFiltered.Copy Destination:=Cells(RowDataToPaste, ColDataToPaste)
TotalQty = Cells(Rows.Count, ColQty).End(xlUp).Row
For CounterQty = RowDataToPaste + 1 To TotalQty
If Cells(CounterQty, ColActn).Value = "In" Then ' 2. If Cells(CounterQty, ColActn).Value =
"In"
TotalIn = Cells(CounterQty, ColQty).Value + TotalIn
ElseIf Cells(CounterQty, ColActn).Value = "Out" Then ' 2. If Cells(CounterQty,
ColActn).Value = "In"
TotalOut = Cells(CounterQty, ColQty).Value + TotalOut
End If ' 2. If Cells(CounterQty, ColActn).Value = "In"
Next CounterQty
Range(RangeInResult).Value = TotalIn
Range(RangeOutResult).Value = -(TotalOut)
End With
End If ' 1. If Cells(RowFilter, ColDesc).Value <> "" Or Cells(RowFilter,
ColLocation).Value <> "" Or Cells(RowFilter, ColActn).Value <> ""
End Sub

```

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
912	9013034	Batch weight	21	Rack #1	9-Jun-16	Out					
913	9013035	Pectin	72	Rack #7	22-Jun-16	In					
914	9013036	Sugar	28	Rack #1	5-Aug-15	In					
915	9013037	Solids content	51	Rack #7	11-Sep-16	In					
916	9013038	Pulp	45	Rack #3	9-Apr-16	Out					
917	9013039	Batch weight	19	Rack #4	6-Apr-15	Out					
918	9013040	Citric Acid	98	Rack #4	17-Jun-16	Out					
919	9013041	Citric Acid	97	Rack #1	29-Feb-16	In					
920	9013042	Pulp	57	Rack #5	25-Nov-16	Out					
921	9013043	Citric Acid	42	Rack #2	27-Feb-16	In					
922	9013044	Batch weight	54	Rack #1	16-Sep-15	Out					
923	9013045	Solids content	12	Rack #4	13-Jul-15	In					
924	9013046	Pulp	79	Rack #4	13-Jul-15	Out					
925	9013047	Citric Acid	36	Rack #4	15-Nov-16	Out					
926	9013048	Sugar	35	Rack #3	5-Feb-16	Out					
927	9013049	Pulp	63	Rack #6	16-Dec-16	Out					
928	9013050	Solids content	48	Rack #4	1-Mar-15	In					
929	9013051	Pulp	39	Rack #4	31-May-16	Out					
930	9013052	Pulp	47	Rack #6	26-Feb-16	In					
931	9013053	Sugar	6	Rack #6	3-Mar-16	Out					
932	9013054	Pulp	53	Rack #2	11-Sep-15	Out					
933	9013055	Solids content	87	Rack #4	19-Jan-15	Out					
934	9013056	Sugar	⊕ 48	Rack #7	23-Nov-16	In					
935	9013057	Solids content	62	Rack #6	15-May-16	Out					
936	9013058	Batch weight	61	Rack #3	3-Dec-16	Out					
937	9013059	Citric Acid	64	Rack #7	7-Feb-16	Out					
938	9013060	Sugar	91	Rack #7	23-Sep-15	Out					
939	9013061	Citric Acid	29	Rack #1	7-Jul-16	Out					
940	9013062	Citric Acid	31	Rack #6	17-Feb-16	In					
941	9013063	Batch weight	53	Rack #1	5-Apr-15	Out					
942	9013064	Citric Acid	25	Rack #6	30-Jul-15	Out					
943	9013065	Citric Acid	68	Rack #4	22-Mar-16	Out					
944	9013066	Boiling time	22	Rack #6	17-Jun-15	In					
945	9013067	Pectin	99	Rack #2	2-Nov-16	Out					
946	9013068	Solids content	79	Rack #2	17-Nov-16	Out					

。 - / - 。

; <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/8645/>

29:

- Debug.Print
- /

Examples

Debug.Print

Debug.Print

```
Private Sub ListErrCodes()  
    Debug.Print "List Error Code Descriptions"  
    For i = 0 To 65535  
        e = Error(i)  
        If e <> "Application-defined or object-defined error" Then Debug.Print i & ": " & e  
    Next i  
End Sub
```

- **VIEW |**
- **Ctrl-G**

Stop◦ ◦

```
Sub Test()  
    Dim TestVar as String  
    TestVar = "Hello World"  
    Stop 'Sub will be executed to this point and then wait for the user  
    MsgBox TestVar  
End Sub
```

ENTER◦

?◦ printprint◦

Visual Basic CTRL + G◦ "ExampleSheet"◦ ENTER

```
ActiveSheet.Name = "ExampleSheet"
```

```
? ActiveSheet.Name  
ExampleSheet
```

◦ ◦

'In this example, the Immediate Window was used to confirm that a series of Left and Right 'string methods would return the desired string

```
'expected output: "value"  
print Left(Right("1111value1111",9),5) ' <---- written code here, ENTER pressed
```

```
value ' <---- output
```

◦ Application.EnableEvents = False True ◦

```
? Application.EnableEvents ' <---- Testing the current state of "EnableEvents"  
False ' <---- Output  
Application.EnableEvents = True ' <---- Resetting the property value to True  
? Application.EnableEvents ' <---- Testing the current state of "EnableEvents"  
True ' <---- Output
```

:◦ ◦

```
x = Split("a,b,c",","): For i = LBound(x,1) to UBound(x,1): Debug.Print x(i): Next i ' <----  
Input this and press enter  
a ' <----Output  
b ' <----Output  
c ' <----Output
```

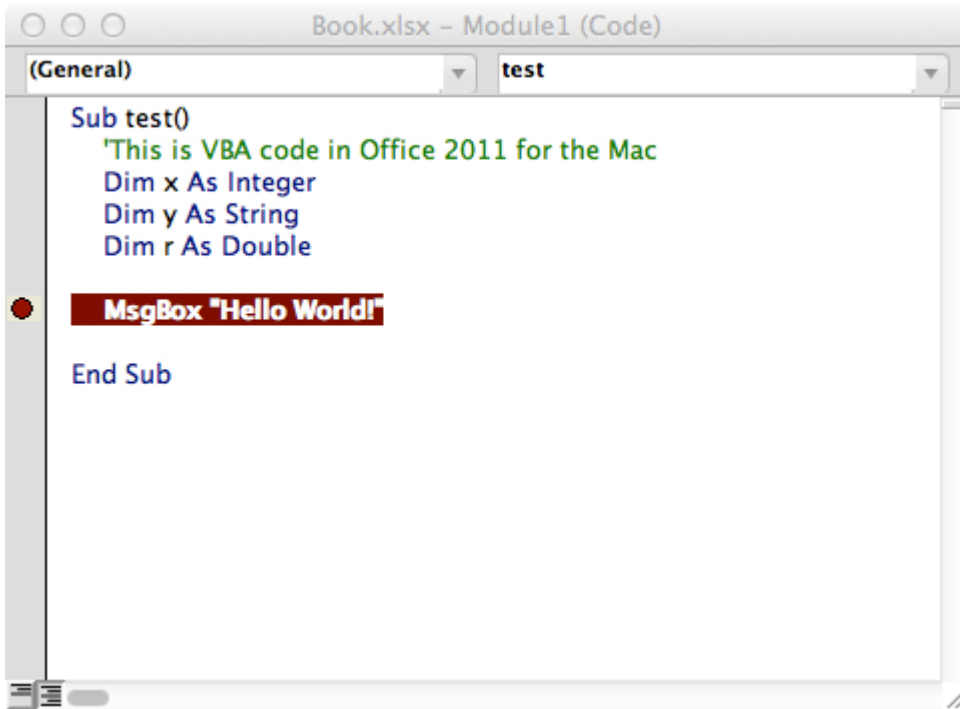
Timer

◦ Timer VBAWindowsPC1/2563.90625◦ VBANowTime◦

```
Dim start As Double ' Timer returns Single, but converting to Double to avoid  
start = Timer ' scientific notation like 3.90625E-03 in the Immediate window  
' ... part of the code  
Debug.Print Timer - start; "seconds in part 1"  
  
start = Timer  
' ... another part of the code  
Debug.Print Timer - start; "seconds in part 2"
```

VBA◦ ◦

“”◦ ◦

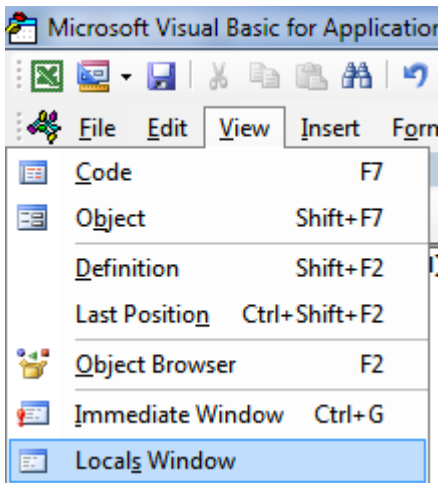


Locals. . .

```
Option Explicit
Sub LocalsWindowExample()
    Dim findMeInLocals As Integer
    Dim findMEInLocals2 As Range

    findMeInLocals = 1
    Set findMEInLocals2 = ActiveWorkbook.Sheets(1).Range("A1")
End Sub
```

VBA"" - >""



F8findMeInLocals. 0 ---. 'Nothing'.

```

Option Explicit
Sub LocalsWindowExample ()
    Dim findMeInLocals As Integer
    Dim findMEInLocals2 As Range

    findMeInLocals = 1
    Set findMEInLocals2 = ActiveWorkbook.Sheets(1).Range("A1")

End Sub

```

Locals

VBAProject.Sheet1.LocalsWindowExample

Expression	Value	Type
Me		Sheet
findMeInLocals	0	Integer
findMEInLocals2	Nothing	Range

```

Option Explicit
Sub LocalsWindowExample ()
    Dim findMeInLocals As Integer
    Dim findMEInLocals2 As Range

    findMeInLocals = 1
    Set findMEInLocals2 = ActiveWorkbook.Sheets(1).Range("A1")

End Sub

```

findMeInLocals Integer findMEInLocals2 Range / Range +countcolumn

Locals

VBAProject.Sheet1.LocalsWindowExample

Expression	Value	Type
Me		Sheet
findMeInLocals	1	Integer
findMEInLocals2		Range
AddIndent	False	Variant
AllowEdit	True	Boolean
Application		Application
Areas		Area
Borders		Border
Cells		Range
Column	1	Long
ColumnWidth	8.43	Variant
Comment	Nothing	Comment
Count	1	Long
CountLarge	1	Variant
Creator	xlCreatorCode	XlCreatorCode
CurrentArray	<No cells were found.>	Range
CurrentRegion		Range
Dependents	<No cells were found.>	Range
DirectDependents	<No cells were found.>	Range
DirectPrecedents	<No cells were found.>	Range
DisplayFormat		DisplayFormat

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/861/>

30: VBA PowerPoint

VBA PowerPoint. PowerPoint Excel. VBA.

Examples

VBA PowerPoint

PowerPoint.

PowerPoint VBA. .

Application Presentation Slide Objects. .

```
Dim PPAApp As PowerPoint.Application
Dim PPPres As PowerPoint.Presentation
Dim PPSlide As PowerPoint.Slide
```

PowerPoint. On Error Resume Next PowerPoint.GetObject. .

```
'Open PPT if not running, otherwise select active instance
On Error Resume Next
Set PPAApp = GetObject(, "PowerPoint.Application")
On Error GoTo ErrHandler
If PPAApp Is Nothing Then
    'Open PowerPoint
    Set PPAApp = CreateObject("PowerPoint.Application")
    PPAApp.Visible = True
End If
```

.

```
'Generate new Presentation and slide for graphic creation
Set PPPres = PPAApp.Presentations.Add
Set PPSlide = PPPres.Slides.Add(1, ppLayoutBlank)

'Here, the slide type is set to the 4:3 shape with slide numbers enabled and the window
'maximized on the screen. These properties can, of course, be altered as needed

PPAApp.ActiveWindow.ViewType = ppViewSlide
PPPres.PageSetup.SlideOrientation = msoOrientationHorizontal
PPPres.PageSetup.SlideSize = ppSlideSizeOnScreen
PPPres.SlideMaster.HeadersFooters.SlideNumber.Visible = msoTrue
PPAApp.ActiveWindow.WindowState = ppWindowMaximized
```

PowerPoint. Excel

VBA PowerPoint <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/2327/vbapowerpoint>

31:

Examples

Option Explicit

```
Sub LoopAllSheets()
```

```
Dim sht As Excel.Worksheet
```

```
' declare an array of type String without committing to maximum number of members
```

```
Dim sht_Name() As String
```

```
Dim i As Integer
```

```
' get the number of worksheets in Active Workbook , and put it as the maximum number of members in the array
```

```
ReDim sht_Name(1 To ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets.count)
```

```
i = 1
```

```
' loop through all worksheets in Active Workbook
```

```
For Each sht In ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets
```

```
    sht_Name(i) = sht.Name ' get the name of each worksheet and save it in the array
```

```
    i = i + 1
```

```
Next sht
```

```
End Sub
```

```
Sub Theloopofloops()
```

```
Dim wbk As Workbook
```

```
Dim Filename As String
```

```
Dim path As String
```

```
Dim rCell As Range
```

```
Dim rRng As Range
```

```
Dim wsO As Worksheet
```

```
Dim sheet As Worksheet
```

```
path = "pathtofile(s)" & "\"
```

```
Filename = Dir(path & "*.xl??")
```

```
Set wsO = ThisWorkbook.Sheets("Sheet1") 'included in case you need to differentiate_ between workbooks i.e currently opened workbook vs workbook containing code
```

```
Do While Len(Filename) > 0
```

```
    DoEvents
```

```
    Set wbk = Workbooks.Open(path & Filename, True, True)
```

```
    For Each sheet In ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets 'this needs to be adjusted for specifying sheets. Repeat loop for each sheet so thats on a per sheet basis
```

```
        Set rRng = sheet.Range("a1:a1000") 'OBV needs to be changed
```

```
        For Each rCell In rRng.Cells
```

```
            If rCell <> "" And rCell.Value <> vbNullString And rCell.Value <> 0 Then
```

```
                'code that does stuff
```

```
            End If
```

```
        Next rCell
```

```
Next sheet
wbk.Close False
Filename = Dir
Loop
End Sub
```

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/excel-vba/topic/1144/>

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