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學習

xamarin

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1: xamarin

xamarin。

xamarin。 xamarin。

Examples

OS XXamarin Studio

OS XXamarinXamarin Studio Community。 ◦



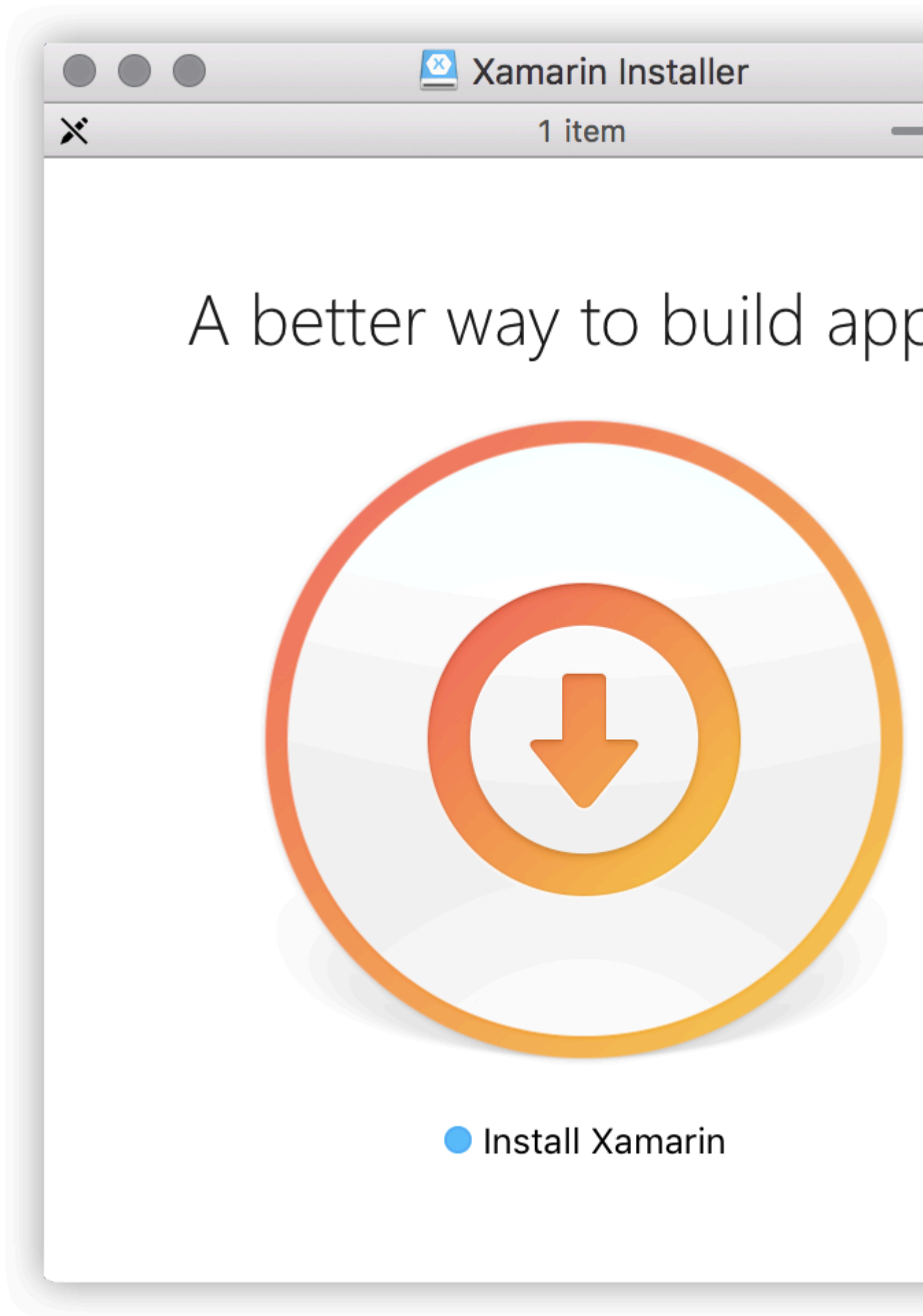
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Nice! You are about to d

C# and sha

- Mac App Store [Apple Developer Website](#) Xcode。
- Mac OS X 10.10

Xamarin Xamarin。



2: Annotations

mvc.net◦ Xamarin

Examples

nugetSystem.ComponentModel.Annotations

```
public class BankAccount
{
    public enum AccountType
    {
        Saving,
        Current
    }

    [Required(ErrorMessage="First Name Required")]
    [MaxLength(15,ErrorMessage="First Name should not more than 1`5 character")]
    [MinLength(3,ErrorMessage="First Name should be more than 3 character")]
    public string AccountHolderFirstName { get; set; }

    [Required(ErrorMessage="Last Name Required")]
    [MaxLength(15,ErrorMessage="Last Name should not more than 1`5 character")]
    [MinLength(3,ErrorMessage="Last Name should be more than 3 character")]
    public string AccountHolderLastName { get; set; }

    [Required]
    [RegularExpression("[0-9]+$", ErrorMessage = "Only Number allowed in AccountNumber")]
    public string AccountNumber { get; set; }

    public AccountType AcType { get; set; }
}
```

```
public class GenericValidator
{
    public static bool TryValidate(object obj, out ICollection<ValidationResult> results)
    {
        var context = new ValidationContext(obj, serviceProvider: null, items: null);
        results = new List<ValidationResult>();
        return Validator.TryValidateObject(
            obj, context, results,
            validateAllProperties: true
        );
    }
}
```

```
var bankAccount = new BankAccount();
ICollection<ValidationResult> lstvalidationResult;

bool valid = GenericValidator.TryValidate(bankAccount, out lstvalidationResult);
if (!valid)
{
    foreach (ValidationResult res in lstvalidationResult)
```



```
{  
    Console.WriteLine(res.MemberNames + ":" + res.ErrorMessage);  
}  
  
}  
Console.ReadLine();
```

```
First Name Required  
Last Name Required  
The AccountNumber field is required.
```

Annotations <https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/xamarin/topic/9720/annotations>

3:

Examples

Bridge◦ Xamarin◦ Portable Class LibraryXamarin FormsAndroidAlertDialog◦ AlertDialog◦

```
// Define a common interface for the behavior you want in your common project (Forms/Other PCL)
public interface IPlatformReporter
{
    string GetPlatform();
}

// In Android/iOS/Win implement the interface on a class
public class DroidReporter : IPlatformReporter
{
    public string GetPlatform()
    {
        return "Android";
    }
}

public class IosReporter : IPlatformReporter
{
    public string GetPlatform()
    {
        return "iOS";
    }
}

// In your common project (Forms/Other PCL), create a common class to wrap the native implementations
public class PlatformReporter : IPlatformReporter
{
    // A function to get your native implemenation
    public static func<IPlatformReporter> GetReporter;

    // Your native implementation
    private IPlatformReporter _reporter;

    // Constructor accepts native class and stores it
    public PlatformReporter(IPlatformReporter reporter)
    {
        _reporter = GetReporter();
    }

    // Implement interface behavior by deferring to native class
    public string GetPlatform()
    {
        return _reporter.GetPlatform();
    }
}
```

```

// In your native code (probably MainActivity/AppDelegate), you just supply a function that
returns your native implementation
public class MainActivity : Activity
{
    protected override void OnCreate(Bundle bundle)
    {
        base.OnCreate(bundle);
        SetContentView(Resource.Layout.activity_main);

        PlatformReporter.GetReporter = () => { return new DroidReporter(); };
    }
}

public partial class AppDelegate : UIApplicationDelegate
{
    UIWindow window;

    public override bool FinishedLaunching(UIApplication app, NSDictionary options)
    {
        window = new UIWindow(UIScreen.MainScreen.Bounds);
        window.RootViewController = new UIViewController();
        window.MakeKeyAndVisible();

        PlatformReporter.GetReporter = () => { return new IosReporter(); };

        return true;
    }
}

// When you want to use your native implementation in your common code, just do as follows:
public void SomeFuncWhoCares()
{
    // Some code here...

    var reporter = new PlatformReporter();
    string platform = reporter.GetPlatform();

    // Some more code here...
}

```

Service Locator。 Bridge Pattern。 - 。

```

// Define a service locator class in your common project
public class ServiceLocator {
    // A dictionary to map common interfaces to native implementations
    private Dictionary<object, object> _services;

    // A static instance of our locator (this guy is a singleton)
    private static ServiceLocator _instance;

    // A private constructor to enforce the singleton
    private ServiceLocator() {
        _services = new Dictionary<object, object>();
    }

    // A Singleton access method
    public static ServiceLocator GetInstance() {
        if(_instance == null) {

```

```

        _instance = new ServiceLocator();
    }

    return _instance;
}

// A method for native projects to register their native implementations against the
common interfaces
public static void Register(object type, object implementation) {
    _services?.Add(type, implementation);
}

// A method to get the implementation for a given interface
public static T Resolve<T>() {
    try {
        return (T) _services[typeof(T)];
    } catch {
        throw new ApplicationException($"Failed to resolve type: {typeof(T).FullName}");
    }
}

//For each native implementation, you must create an interface, and the native classes
implementing that interface
public interface IA {
    int DoAThing();
}

public interface IB {
    bool IsMagnificent();
}

public class IosA : IA {
    public int DoAThing() {
        return 5;
    }
}

public class DroidA : IA {
    public int DoAThing() {
        return 42;
    }
}

// You get the idea...

// Then in your native initialization, you have to register your classes to their interfaces
like so:
public class MainActivity : Activity
{
    protected override void OnCreate(Bundle bundle)
    {
        base.OnCreate(bundle);
        SetContentView(Resource.Layout.activity_main);

        var locator = ServiceLocator.GetInstance();
    }
}

```

```

        locator.Register(typeof(IA), new DroidA());
        locator.Register(typeof(IB), new DroidB());
    }
}

public partial class AppDelegate : UIApplicationDelegate
{
    UIWindow window;

    public override bool FinishedLaunching(UIApplication app, NSDictionary options)
    {
        window = new UIWindow(UIScreen.MainScreen.Bounds);
        window.RootViewController = new UIViewController();
        window.MakeKeyAndVisible();

        var locator = ServiceLocator.GetInstance();
        locator.Register(typeof(IA), new IosA());
        locator.Register(typeof(IB), new IosB());

        return true;
    }
}

// Finally, to use your native implementations from non-native code, do as follows:
public void SomeMethodUsingNativeCodeFromNonNativeContext() {
    // Some boring code here

    // Grabbing our native implementations for the current platform
    var locator = ServiceLocator.GetInstance();
    IA myIA = locator.Resolve<IA>();
    IB myIB = locator.Resolve<IB>();

    // Method goes on to use our fancy native classes
}

```

<https://riptutorial.com/zh-TW/xamarin/topic/6183/>

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